THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
ESTABLISHED IN 1869.
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.
Office, North Carolinian Building, Main Street,
One door east of Albemarle House.
Terms, $1.00 a Year, in Advance.
If not paid in advance $1.50 will be charged.
RATES OF ADVERTISING:
One square, one insertion, $1.00; two insertions, $1.50; one month, $2.00; three months, $4.00; six months, $8.00; one year, $12.00.
For larger advertisements liberal contracts will be made.
Business Notices in local column, ten cents a line. Obituary Notices, five cents a line.

The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

VOLUME XXVI. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, MAY 22, 1895. NUMBER 52.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, Ball Cards, Fancy Show Cards, Posters, Handbills, Programmes, Billheads, Dodgers, Bills of Fare, Wine Cards, Law Cases and Points, Statements, Pamphlets, Circulars, Books, etc., in the latest and neatest styles and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

So Many Things I Do Forget.

So many things I do forget,
And fain would I remember,
Bright things, glad thing, my footsteps met
Before they touched December.
But the home where my childhood learned its songs,
And the trees where my father set them,
And the brook, and the bank where the pine belongs,
I never can forget them.

So many things I do forget,
And fain would I remember,
Bright things, wise things, my footsteps met
Before they touched December,
But the friends of childhood long ago,
By the mountain shadowed river,
With a fadeless light their names shall glow
Forever and forever.

So many things I do forget,
And fain would I remember,
Bright things, sweet things, my footsteps met
Before they crossed November,
But the blue of my angel mother's eye
And the tears of love that wet them,
And the kisses or one beyond the skies,
I never shall forget them.

So many things I have forgot,
Nor do I wish to remember,
Sad things, hard things, I tell them not
To April or December.
But the ivies of the mountain wood,
And the scarlet plums behind them,
Would I forget them if I could,
Forgetting who could find them?

So many things we do forget,
And fain we would remember,
Ere lost that danced the minuet
Have walked to slow December.
But the songs that silent lips have sung,
Our memories silhouette them,
We sing them over. We are young,
And never can forget them.
—JULIA H. MAY, in Boston Journal.

NOT MERELY A VOICE.

I had what most musical enthusiasts pronounced a phenomenal organ, and oh, how I gloried in it! I sang at concerts with triumphant success, for I never knew what stage fright meant. I suppose it was because I never thought of myself at all, but merely listened to the tones of my voice, feeling thrills of delight and joy as it echoed through the great halls.

Yes, I gloried in my powers, and in the appreciative applause of others. And that made trouble between Larry Wilson and me. I loved and was willing to marry him, but I would not give up my career, as I delighted to call it, merely to please his fancy. For I thought it a very selfish fancy, and said so plainly.

"If you really loved me, Phyllis," was his unvariable reply, "you would yield willingly to my wishes." And at that point silence at once reigned profound.

But something happened that put an effectual quietus on my voice for some time. I slept in a pretty room on the ground floor, for I never had been nervous in my life. But one exceedingly sultry night, when the windows were wide open, I was awakened from a sound sleep by the sudden flash of a light in my face. I opened my eyes, and there stood a man, as huge as a giant, it seemed to my bewildered gaze. He held the lamp above his head and glared with great, cruel eyes directly into mine. I gave a piercing shriek, which sent the man headlong out of the window. Still I kept on screaming, until every member of the household came running to my room.

She next morning I could not speak above a whisper, and it seemed to me that my heart would break. Could it be that I never should hear myself sing again? It was to cruel! My parents sent for a physician, who made me open my mouth while he peered inside, talking of my larynx and epiglotis, until he frightened me quite as much as the burglar. He said I must have patience; that when my talking voice returned probably my power to sing would also be restored.

I cried nearly all the time for three days. Then Larry came and asked me to marry him right off. Men seem to think that proposals of marriage must be wonderfully soothing; they may be so at times, but not always. Yet I love Larry dearly, and his tender words were very satisfactory and sweet to hear. I was humble just then, and talked in what I am sure must have been a touching way about my being a poor, maimed, miserable creature, very different from the girl I had formerly been.

Larry combatted all I said. I am afraid he did not regret the loss of my voice very much. But such magnanimity could hardly be expected even of him. Of course he was sorry for me, but then the obstacle in the way of our marriage was now removed. He could be eloquent when he chose, and finally I whispered in his ear (I could not do anything but whisper) that I would marry him in a month.

Then all was hurry and confusion in the excited household in preperation for my wedding. My two younger sisters were all eagerness, and so full of merry life and talk that I almost forgot my great affliction, and grew more cheerful. But one day, as I sat sewing in my room, I happened to think of an operatic air I was fond of, and forgetting my recent misfortune in good earnest, I gave utterance to the sounds that haunted me, the rich full notes swelling higher and louder as in wonder and ecstacy I tested my returning powers. Springing from my seat I threw back my head, and expressed my delight in one loud strain of triumphant melody. Then my mother and sister appeared with words of eager congratulation.

"Can it be that your beautiful voice has come back for good?" they all asked, and in reply I allowed another happy paean to confirm the glorious truth.

"Phyllis," said Maud, "the nightingales themselves will envy you."

They hugged and kissed me until Ruth suddenly drew back, saying:

"Now, she will not be married, and all those lovely dresses have been made for nothing."

"No, indeed!" I answered quickly, "If Larry objects to me because I have my voice again, those dresses will do for concerts, as I shall accept the first offer I receive to sing in public. I want all my friends to know that I am no longer a mute. But I must send word to the boy at once. I shall pretend that I think he is delighted."

Consequently, when he came, I exclaimed:—

"Oh, Larry, are you not glad that my voice has come back to me as strong and clear as ever?"

The poor fellow tried to look sorry, but there was no deceit about him, and his eyes betrayed his real feelings.

"Are you not glad?" I persisted.

"And are you not a little ungenerous?" he asked in return.

"No!" I cried. "A gift like mine is simply divine. and I do not understand how any one who is so fond of me can dislike my voice."

"I should delight in it quietly at home, but to see you upon a public stage, opening your mouth to amuse a money crowd, is very different."

"Well," I said, somewhat impatiently, "of course you are at liberty to take back all you said out of pity for me in my forlorn condition. You were very kind, but I do not need your pity now." And I drew myself up proudly. "Listen! Will you—can you?"

"Certainly," he replied with an air of resignation.

Then I stood up before him and sang the sweetest, most caressing little love song that tender-hearted maiden ever sang to a listening lover. The tears came to his eyes, and, springing up, he threw his arms around me.

"You cruel girl!" he cried. "You know your power so well! I cannot live without you. Phyllis! Sing where you will and when you will, only love me, darling, love me!"

Then I cried, too, and whispered through my tears:—

"Larry, I will be just as true and devoted a wife as if this beloved voice of mine belonged to some other girl."

And after that we had no more disputes or controversies.

We have been married two years and I have sung with the most flattering success a great many times, dear old Larry always escorting me. But lately I have led a more quiet life, because there is a young Larry Wilson. He has an organ also; an imperative one. The tyranny which seems innate in man reveals itself plainly in these tiny morsels of humanity. But then, how sweet it is.

An agent called the other day. I had just agreed to sing at a brilliant entertainment, when suddenly the baby cried. Cried? He roared.

"Oh, dear," I eqclaimed, "I forgot what I was doing. I cannot leave my baby. I should here him cry if I were two miles away."

"He has a pretty reaching voice," the man replied, as the shrieks grew louder and louder.

"It would certainly reach my ears," I declared. "And that high falsetto of his, even if oblivious of keys, has more effect upon me than the truest soprano or contralto in the world."

"I will go now," the agent said, "and perhaps you will change your mind. Think of it a while, and allow me to call again in a day or two."

"No!" I replied, decidedly; "go to Miss Perkins. She has not even a husband to consult in the matter." The man left me a little contemptuously, I thought, because he regarded me as simply a creature with a "magnificent organ." But when I told Larry he gave me a hug almost painfully suggestive of bruin.

"Phyllis!" he cried. I'm so glad I married a woman—not merely a voice!"

I still think the world of that voice, notwithstanding. But oh? you should see my baby!—Waverly Magazine.

Uncomplaining Victims of a Joke.

A joker whom no one objects to has turned up at Doylestown, Penn. The mania of the individual is to surprise people by sending them two-dollar bills. Within a week not less than a dozen people have received through the postoffice there envelopes in which were nicely-folded two-dollar bills. The envelopes are all in the same handwriting, but the contents give no clue of the sender. The fortunate recipients of the individual's attention, so far, have been young women, but in several cases men have received envelopes with two-dollar bills inclosed. Since the facts have become known the postoffice visitors have been steadily increasing.—Philadelphia Recorder.

She Knew.

Lucy: What do you find so interesting in that smoothed-faced young Jones?

Lola: Why. Lucy! His face isn't smooth at all.—Browning's Monthly.

Medical Properties of the Apple.

According to a medical authority it appears that chemically the apple is composed of vegetable fibre, albumen, sugar chlorophyl, malic acid, gallic acid, lime and much water. German analysts say that the apple contains a larger percentage of phosphorus than any other fruit or vegetable. The phosphorus is admirably for renewing the essential nervous matter—lecithin—of the brain and spinal cord. It is, perhaps, for the same reason, rudely understood, that old Scandinavian traditions represent the apple as the food of the gods, who, when they felt themselves to be growing feeble and infirm, resorted to this fruit, renewing their powers of mind and body. Also, the acids of the apple are of singular use for men of sedentary habits, whose livers are sluggish in action, those acids serving to eliminate from the body noxious matters, which, if retained, would make the brain heavy and dull, or bring about jaundice or skin eruptions and other allied troubles. Some such experience must have led to the custom of taking apple sauce with roast pork, rich goose, and like dishes. The malic acid of ripe apples, either raw or cooked, will neutralize any excess of chalky matter engendered by eating too much meat. It is also the fact that such ripe fruits as the apple, the pear and the plum, when taken ripe and without sugar, diminish acidity in the stomach rather than provoke it. Their vegetable sauces and juices are converted into alkaline carbonates which tend to counteract acidity.

Force Exerted on the Bycycle.

A French scientist has recently made some experiments which show the amount of force developed by some of the bicycle experts in a hard race. Windle and Zimmerman have maintained for two minutes a speed to continue which required the expenditure of energy representing two-thirds of one horse power. For six seconds they were able to exert the astonishing force of one and a fourth horse power. This is equivalent to raising a weight of 188 pounds one yard high in one second. This is a conservative estimate, owing to the insufficiency of the coefficients of power used in making the calculations.

Experiments are also being made to determine the force exerted by different sports. These results will be of use for training and as a hygienic data. One of the discoveries made during the calculation of the force exerted by bicyclists is that at high speeds the work of a bicyclist in covering a specified distance is as great as that of a man running the same distance. At a moderate speed a runner undergoes three times the labor of a bicyclist, but the higher the speed, the nearer are their exertions equalized.

Her Request Granted.

They are telling a story at the expense of a very charming North Carolina girl who lives here. It runs this way: The girl, as I said, is charming, but like a great many other charming people she is poor. She never has more than two evening gowns in as season, and the ruin of one of them is always a very serious matter to her. She went to a little dancing party last week and she wore a brand-new white, frock. During the evening a great, big, red-faced, prespiring man came up and asked her to dance. He wore no gloves. She looked at his well-meaning but moist hands despairingly and thought of the immaculate back of her waist. She hesitated a bit, and then she said with a winning smile:

"Of course I'll dance with you, but if you don't mind, won't you please use your handkerchief?"

The man looked at her blankly a moment or two. Then a light broke over his face.

"Why certainly," he said.

And he pulled out his handkerchief and blew his nose.—Washington Post.

Why Many Fishing Vessels Are Lost.

There is one class of vessels which is most annoying to those who direct the course of large steamers. These are small fishing vessels. On the Grand Banks of Newfoundland, on the coast of Spain and on the coasts of China and Japan big fleets of these little vessels are found at all times. They show no lights at night, preferring to save the expense of oil and take their chances of being sent to the bottom; but when they see a big ship rushing down on them they light a torch and flare it about. Often they pay for their folly with their lives. The torch is seen too late, or not seen at all, and the great iron bow of the steamship crushes into the frail little craft, perhaps cutting her clean in two; and the unhappy fishermen sink into the foaming wake of the churn-propellers, leaving not a soul to tell their wives at home what became of them.—St. Nicholas.

Not Settled.

"Are you going to college when you grow up, Jonnie?"

"Course."

"What college do you think you'll go to?"

"I dunno. I don't spect to go for ten years yet, and of course I can't tell which 'ill hold the football championship then."—Harper's Young People.

WOOLEN WORKERS.

FOREIGN GOODS ENOUGH TO INJURE 50,000 HANDS.

Over Five Hundred Factories May Close Their Doors—A Reduction of $20,000,000 in the Amount of Wages to Be Earned—"Letting Ourselves Out" of Work With a Vengeance.

A summary of the value of our imports of all woolen goods during January and February since the woolen schedule of the new tariff went into effect, compared with our imports during the corresponding months a year earlier, is as follows:

IMPORTS OF WOOLEN GOODS.
January and February.

	1894.	1895.	Increase.
Value	$3,529,431	$11,940,390	$8,410,959

It appears that during the two months we have bought $8,411,000 worth more of foreign woolen goods this year. This increase is at the rate of over $50,000,000 a year.

According to the census of 1890, the product value of all woolen and worsted manufactures in the United States was $212,700,000 a year.

It is thus clear that the increase in our imports of woolens under the present tariff is almost equal to one-half of the entire product of our own woolen and worsted mills in 1890. This is a very serious matter for our 1450 woolen manufacturers to consider.

In 1890 there were 122,944 hands working in our woolen and worsted factories. They earned over $44,000,000 a year. An increase in our imports of foreign woolens at the rate of more than $50,000,000 a year means that the earning power of the workers in our woolen and worsted mills must be reduced by nearly $20,000,000 a year, unless there should be a sudden demand for the larger quantity of foreign goods that we are buying over and above the regular supply from our own mills. We do not believe that this is the case. The outlook is a serious one for our wage earners as well as for the mill owners.

If the output of our mills be decreased by $50,000,000 a year, then the cost of production will be higher for those goods that are sold. The greater competition at the same time must make profits smaller.

If our imports of foreign woolens and worsteds be increased by more than $50,000,000 a year, and our mills are compelled to restrict their output by that amount, then fully 550 out of our 1450 factories will be closed. Instead of there being $44,000,000 of wages earned and circulated, there will only be $25,000,000 earned and circulated, thus injuring local trade where the factories are established.

The process of letting ourselves out so as to reach the markets of the world must result in also letting out the value of our capital employed in our own woolen and worsted mills. Its earning power will be less. It will also result in letting 45,000 hands out of a job and it will also result in not letting out for circulation nearly $20,000,000 of wages a year. The evil results of free wool have not yet been fully experienced.

Those who are in any way interested in the manufacture of American woolens should study the following table, which gives the quantities of the different leading articles imported during the first six months of the present tariff as compared with the corresponding six months a year earlier:

QUANTITIES OF IMPORTS OF MANUFACTURES OF WOOL.
September 1 to March 1

Articles.	1894-95.	1893-94.	Increase.
Carpets and carpetings, sq. yds.	339,356	153,985	185,371
Cloth, lbs.	10,069,274	3,166,990	6,902,284
Dress goods, women's and children's, sq yds.	11,868,859	9,644,328	2,224,531
Dress goods, lbs.	5,966,021	....	5,966,021
Rags, mungo, flocks, noils, shoddy and wastes, lbs.	1,078,381	38,784	1,039,597
Yarns, lbs.	838,454	259,489	578,965

That Rooster in Trouble

English Free Trade a Failure.

I am inclined to think that in our staple trades—for instance, in the coal trade, in the iron trade, in the cotton trade, and, above all, in the greatest of all our trades, the trade of agriculture—the margin of profit has entirely disappeared. Up to the present time wages have not fallen at all in proportion, but if the present state of things continues it is simply inevitable either that wages will have to be considerably reduced or that works will be closed, land will lie idle, and the numbers of the unemployed will be largely increased. * * * I find that there are a number of people, and I think an increasing number, who, under the present conditions of trade, are coming to the conclusion that our free trade policy has been a failure, and who would, therefore, be ready to go back in the direction of protection.—Mr. Chamberlain on British Depression in Trade.

The Principle the Same.

Democrats pretend to oppose tariff and bounty, but we notice our leading Democrats are right on hand to induce manufactures to locate here, even if they have to put up a good big bonus. We fail to see a difference in principle.—Peabody (Kan.) Gazette.

FACTS FOR DEMOCRATS.

Tin Plate Truths for Free Trade Fanatics.

Look here, you Democratic editors and stump speakers!

A few short years ago you said tin plate could not be made in this country.

You ridiculed every plant that was established.

You said they were erected for campaign purposes.

You said it was all being done for political effect.

You lied about the matter and deceived your readers and hearers.

You said tin plate was not then made and never would be made in this country.

Now what do you think of it?

There are now 156 tin plate mills in operation or under construction in the United States.

And there are more than fifty-eight projected.

And now for some figures taken from Democratic records.

The aggregate output of the mills now and soon to be in operation is 30,000 boxes each per annum.

This means an aggregate output of 4,680,000 boxes in all.

When the projected mills are completed the total annual output will reach 6,420,000 boxes, or enough to supply the home market.

That, Mr. Democrat, is a result of Republican protection.

It is a result achieved in spite of Democratic falsehoods and sneering predictions of failure.

It is a result of legislating in the interest of America and Americans.

If there were such a thing as shame in the Democratic party it would hang its head at the growth of this infant industry.—Toledo Blade.

The Latest From Paris.

One Month Only.

Let us glance at the workings of the German tariff during a period of a month only. By comparing the decrease in our exports for nine months ending March 31 with our exports to February 28, a month earlier, we have the following:

DECREASE IN EXPORTS.

July 1, 1894, to—	Value.
February 28, 1895	$69,716,543
March 31, 1895	79,666,314

It is clear that the month of March gave a loss, in round numbers, of $10,000,000 in our exports over and above the loss recorded up to February 28, comparing the shipments of American products and manufactures for the current fiscal year with those of the preceeding fiscal year. Carrying a similar comparison to our imports, we find it to be as follows:

INCREASE IN IMPORTS.

July 1, 1894, to—	Value.
February 28, 1895	$50,823,282
March 31, 1895	54,655,442

Where the increase to February 28, 1895, was nearly $51,000,000 more than in the corresponding months of the previous fiscal year, it was almost $4,000,000 larger by the end of March, showing that our purchases of foreign goods were $4,000,000 more costly to us at the end of March than they were at the beginning of that month. Thus the total money loss in our trade, both for exports and imports, during the single month of March amounted to very nearly $14,000,000.

Canadian Lumber Agency.

One of the largest Canadian lumber dealers is about to establish an agency in Pittsburg for the sale of Canadian lumber. This is one of the results of the pauper tariff act which the Cleveland Administration has loaded upon the people. Just how the introduction of foreign lumber is going to start up the American lumber interest is just as foggy as the boom of American wool by the introduction of foreign wool. Nobody but a Democratic editor can explain it and nobody but an ass believe it.—Meadville (Penn.) Tribune Republican.

Try the American Way.

Which is the wiser, the sounder, the more profitable, the more patriotic plan—to continue to pay $100,000,000 a year to foreign ship owners, and see almost every dollar of it lost to us, or to spend two, three, four or five million dollars to encourage American citizens to carry American commerce under the American flag? To the American mind this question admits of only one possible answer.—Boston Journal.

The Result of Protection.

President Harrison paid off $296,000,000 of the public debt and turned over to Mr. Cleveland's Administration $124,000,000 surplus. There was not a moment from the inauguration of Mr. Harrison to succeed to the second inauguration of Mr. Cleveland in which we did not collect for every day of every year sufficient revenues to pay every demand and obligation of the Government.—Governor McKinley.

TRACED BY NEW PENNIES.

Three Burglars Who Stole $35,000 Captured in Philadelphia.

The new pennies which they gave to a newsdealer for newspapers led to the capture at Huntington, Penn., a few evenings ago, of three burglars who stole $35,000 in cash, stocks and other securities at Port Royal last week. The prisoners are Frank E. Evans, of Chicago; Edward Parker, of Detroit, Mich., and Joseph West, of La Salle, Mich. The newsdealer, seeing the new coins, notified an officer. With the aid of several other officers, all armed with rifles, the robbers were captured. Twenty dollars of the money they stole from Noah Hertzler was in brand new pennies.

"COIN'S FINANCIAL SCHOOL"

Career of the Author of a Work Which Has Created a Sensation in the West.

William Hope Harvey is the author of "Coin's Financial School," which is just now creating much sensation and discussion in the West. Two years ago, when Mr. Harvey was publishing his weekly paper, called Coin, he had a little office in one of the old-fashioned buildings in Chicago. One stenographer attended to his correspondence. To-day Mr. Harvey occupies an elegant suite of rooms in the sky-scraping Fort Dearborn Building. There are velvet and

WILLIAM H. HARVEY.
(He Has Found a Fortune in a Book.)

Brussels carpets on the floors. The desks tables, chairs and other furniture are made of expensive woods, and six typewriter girls are busy all the day. Apparently as long as the money discussion lasts Mr. Harvey's harvest will continue, and whether gold bugs or free silverites triumph there will be no more hard times for the man who wrote "Coin's Financial School." Mr. Harvey rakes in profits of from $750 to $1000 a day. He is a West Virginian by birth, and is forty-three years old. His work has been sold by the hundred thousand, and is said to have made many free silver converts in the West.

BICYCLIST AND RATTLESNAKE.

A Rider Attacked on His Wheel, but He Killed the Reptile.

Edward Coates, a bicyclist of Hartford, Conn., was riding with a companion along the shore of the lake in Bristol, and saw a snake coiled in the road in front of him. He turned out, supposing the snake was an ordinary black one.

As he came abreast of the snake, which was darting its head up and down, it made a spring and fastened its fangs in his bicycle trousers at the knee. At the same time the warning whirring sound told Coates that he had a rattler to deal with. There were several revolutions of the wheel before he came to a stop, the snake keeping a vice-like grip and curling itself around the bicyclist's leg.

Coates seized a stick and beat the head of the snake free from his trousers, and with his hand wrenched the coils from around his leg. The snake sank its frangs time and again into the stick and made repeated jumps at Coates. After fifteen minutes it was killed.

The snake measured four feet eight inches in length. It had fourteen rattles, and it was at least two inches in diameter.

RUNNING AWAY FROM CANADA.

Bad Business Forces an Increase in Emigration to the United States.

There is general alarm in Canada about the largely increased emigration this year from the Dominion to the United States. Three years of bad business and poor crops have completely discouraged a large element of the Canadian population.

Meanwhile news comes of increased wages and increased business in the States, which agents of the American and Canadian railway companies are using to the utmost advantage. They have men in the counties of Rimouski, Matane and Bonaventure who have induced whole families to embark, bag and baggage, for the United States. The number of deserted farms is something enormous.

Several hundred more people have emigrated to the newly opened gold fields of the Rainy Lake region of Ontario, just over the border from Minnesota. No white man was settled there a year ago, but a population of nearly 3000 is now claimed. Many shafts are already sunk, some over seventy feet deep, and four stamp mills are in operation.

SAVANNAH HAS A GALA DAY.

A Big Military Review Witnessed by the Governor and 20,000 People.

Governor Atkinson, of Georgia, reviewed one of the largest bodies of troops that has been seen in Savannah since the celebration of the city's sesqui-centennial, in 1883. Twelve hundred men were in line, with five companies of marines and bluejackets from the United States steamships Atlanta and Raleigh, which are anchored in the river below the city.

The review took place on the military parade ground and was witnessed by 20,000 people. It was the first appearance of the Governor and his staff in Savannah. Following the parade and review, prizes were awarded to the visiting companies by the May Week Festival officials. The sham battle by the marines and bluejackets closed the display. The day's festivities ended with fireworks in the park.

Russia Wants All Korea.

The Moscow Gazette says that a military, stable and financial Power like Russia alone has the right to hold Korea. The paper adds that if any Power should object to Russia's holding that country it would be a mark of avowed unfriendliness with which Russia would know how to deal.

The Novoe Vremya says that a Russian protectorate of Korea is necessary to protect Russian merchants there from Japanese competition.

The Brooklyn Handicap.

The Brooklyn handicap, a race of a mile and a quarter, for horses three years old and upward, worth $8000 to the winner, $1500 to the second and $500 to the third horse, was run at the Gravesend (N. Y.) track of the Brooklyn Jockey Club. Hornpipe, owned by Messrs. Keene, won, Lazzarone was second and Sir Walter third. Time, 2.11¼.

Prominent People.

The Czar of Russia has taken to riding a bicycle.

Queen Victoria still suffers greatly from rheumatism.

Bismarck says progressive women subdue the Socialists.

James Whitcomb Riley is writing a novel on Hoosier life.

The Mikado of Japan is fond of football and can kick a good game.

Kate Field has become a member of the Chicago Times-Herald staff.

The London Spectator wants William Watson appointed as Poet Laureate of England.

On his farm at Lebanon, Mo., Congressman Bland has 5000 Ben Davis apple trees in good growth. Their fruit sells for forty cents a bushels and the trees bear about five bushels each.

Governor Evans, of South Carolina, is a graduate of Union College, Schenectady, N. Y.

Comptroller Eckels is reported to have declined the Presidency of three New York banks.

Over Gladstone's bedstead is hung the motto, "Christian, Remember What Thou Hast to Do."

Marion Crawford is said to be the handsomest novelist on earth, his features being of the pure Greek type.

Swinburne, the English poet, is fifty-eight years old, is five feet high and has a ghastly face and a head of unkempt hair.

The King of Dahomey was educated in Paris, and speaks several European languages. He went back to savagery because he was crossed in love.

A SENATORIAL MUDDLE.

End of the Long Contest in the Delaware Legislature.

A VERY COMPLICATED AFFAIR.

After a Deadlock Lasting Four Months J. Edward Addicks Fails of Election] as Successor to Ex-United States Senator Higgins---Colonel H. A. Dupont, the Powder Manufacturer, the Dark Horse.

The General Assembly of Delaware adjourned sine die after balloting all day for a successor to ex-United States Senator Anthony J. Higgins. The Republicans claim that their leading candidate, Colonel Henry A. Dupont, was legally elected. The matter will probably be taken to the United States Senate for a decison. The 211th ballot since the deadlock began four months ago and the last of the session was taken a few minutes before 3 o'clock. It resulted: Henry A. Dupont (Rep.), 15; J. Edward Addicks (Rep.), 4; Edward Ridgeley (Dem.), 9; Ebe W. Tunnel (Dem.), 1.

As soon as Governor Watson (Dem.), who, by reason of the fact that he was Speaker of the Senate previous to his elevation to the Governor's chair upon the death of Governor Marvil, presided over the joint session, announced the sine die adjournment, Mr. McMullin (Rep.), Speaker of the House, arose and formally declared Henry A. Dupont elected United States Senator. This action had been agreed upon by the Republican leaders.

COLONEL H. A. DUPONT.

The Delaware Legislature is composed of twenty-one Representatives and nine Senators, sixteen being a majority on joint ballot. The Republican say that when Senator Watson, by virtue of his position as Speaker of the Senate, succeeded to the Governorship upon the death of Governor Marvil one month ago, the number of Senators was reduced to eight, and therefore there were only twenty-nine on joint ballot and that fifteen votes constitute a majority. On the other hand, the Democrats and Governor Watson say that the law distinctly declares that the "Speaker of the Senate" shall become Governor. Therefore, if Mr. Watson withdraws from the Senate, he ceases to be "Speaker of the Senate," and, consequently, loses the Governorship. The question is likely to occupy a large amount of public attention for months.

This is the third time there has been a vacancy in the United States Senate from Delaware. Previous to this session the Legislature has twice failed to elect, the first time being in 1764 and the second in 1839. In 1839 the deadlock was similar to the present one and the seat remained vacant until 1841. Governor Comegys, who was the Executive at the time, made no effort to fill vacancy.

Colonel Henry A. Dupont, who will make the contest for the Senatorship, is a member of the famous Dupont family, who have been manufacturers of powder and other explosives near Wilmington, Del., for over a century. He is a son of the late General Henry Dupont, and was born at Brandywine Banks in 1836. He attended the University of Pennsylvania and was subsequently appointed to the United States Military Academy at West Point, graduating in 1861. He entered the Fifth United States Artillery and served through the Civil War. In 1874 he was married to Miss Pauline Foster, of New York City. He is a member of the firm of E. I. Dupont, De Nemours & Co., and is also President of the Wilmington and Northern Railroad Company.

Colonel Dupont has been a Republican ever since the organization of the party. He was never an aspirant for office, but always took an active interest in local political affairs. In 1892 he was a candidate for Presidential Elector on the Republican ticket, but was defeated, Cleveland carrying the State at that election.

LAST SPEECH TO A JURY.

Ex-President Harrison Delivers a Farewell Address at Richmond, Ind.

Benjamin Harrison, ex-President of the United States, has just made at Richmond, Ind., probably the last address he will ever deliver before a jury. It was in the famous Morrison will case. The trial has been going on for five months. Three months ago the ex-President was seized with an illness

BENJAMIN HARRISON.

that awakened the gravest apprehensions for his life. An intimate friend said that the former President hoped to live to practice law for many years, but he did not expect ever again to conduct a jury trial.

Before the Court House was opened for the day nearly one thousand persons were gathered under the shade of the trees in the Court House yard. Soon the people living in the city began to flock towards the Court House, and when the doors were opened, an hour later, 10,000 were waiting to secure places in the big hall.

The Court House was packed with people during the entire day, and hundreds could not get in. General Harrison was in splendid condition, when he made this, the last speech that he ever expects to make to a jury. He has practically retired from his long career before the bar.

Four Persons Killed by Lightning.

Two boys, Fred and Claude Hanner, aged fourteen and sixteen years, sons of F. W Hanner, were killed by lightning while plowing in a field near Hickory, Miss. Two colored men were killed by lightning near Lauderdale Station, Miss., the lightning passing through the roof of the house and striking them while sitting in chairs.

Killed His Paramour and Himself.

August Tepper, aged thirty-five years, a married man with a wife and two children, shot and killed his paramour, Clara Herbold, aged twenty-six, on the sidewalk in Philadelphia. He then sent a bullet through his own brain, dying instantly.

PUT HIM TO SLEEP

A Noted Woman Politician Gives an Exhibition of Her Hypnotic Power.

At an investigation being held against officers of the Kansas State Insane Asylum, in Topeka, Mrs. Mary Lease, the woman politician, gave an exhibition of her hitherto unknown power as a hypnotist. During the

MRS. MARY E. LEASE.
(Kansas Woman Politician Who Hypnotized an Insane Asylum Attendant).

proceedings Mrs. Lease, without announcing her purpose, walked across the committee room to where J. L. Flint, an attendant at the asylum, was sitting, and made a pass of her hand before his eyes. Flint appeared to be asleep.

Mrs. Lease made him do all sorts of things, ridiculous and otherwise, and finally brought him out of his trance by other passes of her hands.

NECROLOGY.

The Hand of Death Claims Distinguished and Representative Persons.

Ira J. Chase, formerly Governor of Indiana, died in Lubec, Me., from erysipelas. He went to that place several months ago to conduct evangelical work. He was born in Rockport, N. Y., December 7, 1834. He studied for the ministry after the war, and was a Christian minister till he entered politics. In 1888 he was elected Lieutenant-Governor with Governor Hovey, and upon the death of the latter succeeded him as Governor.

Mrs. Mary Ridgely Brown, wife of Governor Frank Brown, of Maryland, died a few days ago at the Hotel Rennert, Baltimore. Although she was only thirty-eight years old, she had not been well for more than two years. While shopping two years before she had an attack of sunstroke from which she never entirely recovered. Mrs. Brown was the daughter of the well-known David Ridgely, of Baltimore.

Ex-President Julius H. Seelye, of Amherst College, died at Amherst, Mass., of erysipelas. Rev. Dr. Julius Hawley Seelye was President of Amherst College from 1877 until 1890. He was born in Bethel, Conn., on September 14, 1824. He was graduated from Amherst College with high honors in the class of 1849.

General Charles Sutherland, formerly Surgeon-General of the United States Army, died at his residence in Washington, sixty-five years old. General Sutherland was born in 1830 in Philadelphia. He served throughout the war and in December, 1890, was appointed Surgeon-General of the Army.

COMEZ WINS A BATTLE.

The Spanish Troops Utterly Defeated by Cuban Insurgents.

A big battle was fought at Boryey, province of Puerto Principe, Cuba, between Gomez, the Cuban leader, and Salcedo, the Spanish commander. Gomez was victorious, annihilating the Spanish troops, killing and capturing more than a thousand men, and great quantities of ammunition and army stores. The battle lasted four hours, and was hard fought.

Men from the plantations are joining the Insurgents hourly. Fifty from the sugar plantations around Conselacion Del Sur, well armed with rifles, joined the revolutionists. The ranks of the insurgents are filling up from the small towns and plantations. All labor has been stopped in the province of Puerto Principe. Laborers are flocking to Gomez. Thousands are joining him. All work in the outlying provinces is at a standstill.

THE GOLD CURE.

Dr. Keeley Must Tell the Ingredients of His Relief for Drunkenness.

Judge Myers, of the District Court, Leavenworth, Kan., has made an important order affecting the rights of Dr. Leslie E. Keeley. W. F. Johnson, of Topeka, sues Dr. Keeley for $100,000, damages, the petition reciting that the plaintiff has been made a physical wreck by the gold cure. Judge Myers ruled that Dr. Keeley must make known the ingredients of his bichloride of gold. The Court holds that the cure is not a property right nor trade mark, is unprotected by a patent, has been in use more than two years, and consequently Dr. Keeley must tell of what it is compounded.

Three Hangings in Missouri.

Joseph Burrier, colored, was hanged at St. Joseph, Mo., for attempted assault upon a seven-year-old girl. This was the first legal execution for this crime in Missouri.

James Murray, colored, who was convicted with his brother "Ed." of the murder of Conductor Edgar Fitzwilliams, on the Midland Suburban line in 1893, was hanged at Clayton, Mo. "Ed" was hanged at Herrman, Mo., an hour later.

Four Miners Killed.

Four persons were killed by the explosion in the mines of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company at Sopris, Col. They are Sylvester Cox, John Lubahn, Albert Laemmenringer and Blas Rococomich.

A Village Nearly Destroyed by Fire.

A fire destroyed nearly the entire business portion of Oakfield, N. Y. The loss aggregated $75,000; partly insured.

The Labor World.

Bank of England has 1100 employes.

Coal miners agreed on a scale until July 1.

Organized labor throughout the State of Illinois will celebrate the Fourth of July this year.

Two non-union men were whipped by three women at Sheboygan, Wis., where 3000 men are out on strike.

In the Bellaire (Ohio) region more than 15,000 coal miners went out on strike, and all mines were closed down.

The employes of a Maine mill struck. The superintendent acceded to their demands and gave every man who did not strike a $20 bill.

Iron workers both in the West and the East are striking for better wages and getting them, a sure sign of the arrival of good times.

An expert oculist has been appointed to test the eyesight of all conductors, engineers and brakemen on the Canadian Pacific Railway lines.

Plans for a general strike by iron men to demand a puddling rate of $4 a ton are being made by the Amalgamated Association at Pittsburg.

Over $40,000,000 are invested in the glass industry of this country, employing about 50,000 people, over 15,000 of whom are women and nearly 7000 children. The average amount paid annually as wages is about $23,000,000, while the value of the product is estimated at over $41,000,000.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Oct. 1, 1894.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays,) leave Elizabeth City, at 11:35, A. M. and at 3:00 P. M. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2:35 P. M., and 9:00 A. M. The trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Mail and Steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven, connecting with steamer Haven Belle for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER ROUTE.

The steamers Neuse and Newberne leave Elizabeth City daily except Friday and Sunday at 6 P. M., for Newbern, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. N. & N. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C., etc. Returning, leave Newbern, daily except Tuesday and Saturday, stopping at Roanoke Island going and returning.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Newberne, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morehead City and Wilmington, N. C.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station; Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R. Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River.

For further information apply to M. H. Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Mang'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft. & Pass'r Agt.

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This well established Hotel offers first-class accommodations to travelers.

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Sample Rooms for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances furnished when desired. Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers.

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Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

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I have opened a WOOD YARD at the Poindexter Creek Bridge and keep a good supply of good wood on hand. Will sell by the load or cord and will saw and deliver when desired.

W. H. STARK.

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Coal of all sizes and of best quality constantly on hand. All orders promptly are filled.

All coal is screened before leaving the yard. Lowest prices guaranteed.

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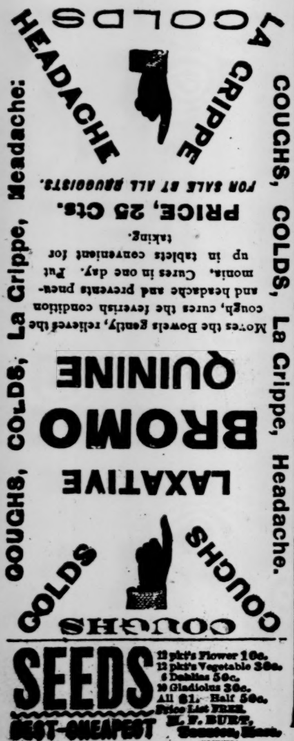
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The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

THE SCHOOL OF EXPERIENCE.

The people of the United States have been attending the school of experience for a little over two years. It is a dear school to learn in, but the lesson of political effort has to be learned and the education is worth a good deal. To be sure four whole years seems almost too long a period during which to pay penance for a neglect of political duty and an act of political folly. But under our system the time cannot be shortened. When the affairs of government are once fully committed to any party, conditions cannot be changed until the expiration of four years.

The people are now anxiously scanning the eastern horizon watching for the dawn of better times; and the beams of coming improvement are already lighting up the sky, but the full orbed sun of prosperity will not shine upon the country again until the period of Democratic Administration has elapsed. What that party has torn down cannot be rebuilt while its control continues.

Thank heaven, the people were able to stop the work of destruction at the end of two years. They did stop it at the election of 1894, and stopped it gloriously, too. But the work of reconstruction and rebuilding the damaged edifice of national prosperity cannot be really begun until after 1896.

LIFE ON THE FARM.

A prosperous and intelligent farmer sat in the CAROLINIAN office a short time ago discussing the events of the last year—the financial panic, the business depression and the industrial unrest, and when he rose to go he said, "Well, I am going back to my farm, and let the old world go on its own gait. I am happy there. Nothing disturbs me. In the worst year that can come I will have plenty to support my family. I have my books and papers and know what is going on outside, but I am safe."

Now, bright people have been cudgeling their brains to make out a picture of the future Utopia, but is there anything, even in the dreams of visionaries, that is much nearer to a condition of material happiness than this? Hardship and struggle are there and everywhere. Life without struggle would be worthless. But there is also independence; and, with industry and frugality, absolute assurance against future distress.

LOST AT SEA,

It is a notable fact that just at present the Democratic party is very anxious to find out "where it is at" on the money question, but there is not any probability that it will succeed until the next national convention assembles. And even then, it is very doubtful if the pilot selected to take the old ship into port will be able to state precisely how many degrees of latitude and longitude it lies South and West of the gold standard.

The farm and the factory, the producer and the vender, the artisan and the capitalist, are all bound together by an identity of interest. They constitute the different and necessary parts of our social and industrial organism, and their harmonious combinations and co-operation are essential to the average and general well-being of our people.

White House authorities lost no time in denying the rumor that Mr. Cleveland had sent a $500 check to the parents of triplets named after members of his family. To establish such a precedent in the present flourishing condition of the infant industry would tend to reduce the President's income below the taxation mark.

The Republican party demands a tariff that protects American labor, the American farmer and the American manufacturer—in a word, that protects America. It demands a money every dollar of which is worth 100 cents and each dollar equal to every other dollar.

The increased demand for American securities in London goes to show that foreign capitalists are convinced that coming business improvement in this country is a certainty.

The President might at least venture to notify Germany that, if she continues to discriminate against Ameeican beef, we may be led to draw the line on her Limburger cheese.

The Passenger Station of the Southern Railway at Charlotte caught fire on the morning of the 17th, and was practically destroyed.

The effect of the recent Republican victories is to be seen in the increased activity in various manufacturing industries.

If Cleveland has repudiated his party and his party has dittoed him, where are they, respectively, at?

SECRECY THE WATCHWORD.

Under the Republican Administration the affairs of the Government, in so far as was expedient, were open to the inspection of the general public through the press. Tariff documents, trade and financial statistics, were sent out gratuitously, or could be had on application at nominal cost.

Under the present Democratic Administration "secrecy" appears to be the watchward. Information is as difficult to abstract from any of the Departments as a bone from a hungry dog. Is it because affairs are in such very bad shape? Beyond a doubt, a comparison of the results achieved by Cleveladd's policy with those attained and freely published under Harrison's Administration would make a showing distressing to the average Democrat. And this is why government statistics are so hard to get.

DESERTED AND DENOUNCED.

It is certainly a significant fact that two of the most prominent and influential members of Mr. Cleveland's Cabinet during his first term, William C. Whitney and Don. M. Dickinson, have denounced the present Administration in the most scorching and withering terms. Mr. Whitney's sentiments, as expressed on the Nicaraguan question, will not soon be forgotten. They had the true American ring, and contained a rekuke for the Administration more severe than anything that has emenating from a Republican source. And then Mr. Dickinson comes out in a speech in clearly defined condemnation of the Administration's un-American policy.

In the case of C. A. Cook against O. P. Mears for the office of Judge of the Circuit Criminal Court composed of the counties of New Hanover and others, the Supreme Court has decided in favor of the defendant, holding that the office did not exist when Cook was elected, and that therefore his election was not valid, and the Governor had a right to appoint.

Under the Democratic misrule in Chicago dead men received salaries. Under the Democratic misrule in New York men who received salaries have lived for years abroad. The dis-honors seem to be about even.

The basis of a nation's prosperity is the broad seoulders of the farmers. Place burnens on these shoulders and all others will be weighed down and times will be hard.

The Beef Trust needs a good hiding.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, May 17, 1895.

Hon. Thomas B. Reed paid Washington an unannounced visit this this week which started no end of stories about his having been been sent for in connection with the calling of an extra session of Congress and his candidacy for the Republican Presidential nomination. None of these things had any connection with Mr. Reed's visit. He was brought to Washington by one of the most holy ties which bind men together—friendship. The condition of Representative Hitt, of Illinois, who has been dangerously ill, was the magnet that drew Mr. Reed to Washington. They have been for years the closest of friends, personal and political, and Mr. Reed wanted to see if his presence would not help his friend. That's the whole story, but Washington news is not over plentiful just now and the correspondents are working this highly complimentary visit of one friend to another for all it is worth, not bothering about facts, but giving their imagination free rein.

It is given out by these connected with the Administration that the reason the idea of court-martialing Admiral Meade for his recent criticism of the un-American policy of the Administration was abandoned was that the Admiral declined to answer questions as to his responsibility for the newspapper interview in which the interview appeared and the absence of any law to compel the newspaper man who interviewed him to testify before a Naval tcourt-martial. But that was not the reason at all; it was merely a pretence. The real reason was the fear of public opinion, which was quick to see that Admiral Meade was goaded into making the remarks which constituted a technical violation of the Naval regulations, but reflected the sentiments of seven-tenths of the American people, and would be equally as quick to resent any attemot to punish him by the use of a packed court-martial. Admiral tMeade has given the country forty years of gallant service, having a record unsurpassed by any living officer of our Navy, and the Administration will do well to make the reprimand which it proposes to give him as mild as possible.

There is little doubt that the presidency of the Pullman Car company has been tendered to Secretary Gresham. A gentleman whose relations with several directors of that company are close expresses the opinion that if Mr. Gresham declines the position it will be offered to Robert T. Lincoln.

An open rupture between Mr. Cleveland and Vice President Stevenson is in the opinion of many, certain to occur in the near future. All the news received in Washington points to the probable capture of the Democratic party of Illinois by the silver men, and it is no longer denied in any quarter that the entire silver movement in that State has been from the first in the interest of Mr. Stevenson's candidacy for the Democratic Presidential nomination, and Mr. Cleveland believes that Mr. Stevenson was the moving spirit in the whole business and does not hesitate when talking with his friends to call him "a traitor to the Administration of which he is a part" and other uncomplimentary things. Should the two men meet it is believed that a quarrel is certain.

LITERARY NOTICES.

In the June number of **Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly** the immortal Art work of **Richard Wagner** is set forth in an admirably illustrated article, entitled "Richard Wagner and his Festspiele in Bayreuth," followed by a critical paper on the same subject. Charles Edwards, the well-known English essayist and descriptive writer, contributes a highly picturesque account of the ancient and storm-worn Sicily Islands. "Kite Flying Extraordinary" gives some very interesting information about this fascinating sport, and furnishes many curious examples of the application of the kite to practical and scientific purposes. A well-informed article, accompanied by some wonderful photographs, descriptive of the giant redwood forests of California. Other illustrated features of this great popular magazine are: "The Sailor's Snug Harbor;" "The Sun Dance of the Taos Indians;" "Following the Hounds in Southern California," and "Human Phosphorescence." There is, also, as usual, an abundance of good short stories and poems.

Pulmonary consumption, in its early stages, may be checked by the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It stops the distressing cough, soothes irritation of the throat and lungs, and induces much-needed repose. Hundreds have testifien to the remarkable virtues of this preparation.

CURE FOR HEAD ACHE.

As a remedy for all forms of Head ache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual costiveness Electric Bitterscures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only 50 cents at Alex. Wadsworth's Drug Store.

DON'T STOP TOBACCO.

How to Cure Yourself while Using it.

The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, imparing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimubant that his system continually craves. Baco-Curo is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin Physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure, purely vegeteble and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while using Baco-Curo. it will nouify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to permanently cury any case with three boxes or refund the money with 10 per cent. interest. Baco-Cuto is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke. Sold by all druggists with our iron-clad guarantee at $1.00 per box, three boxes [thirty days treatment,] $2 50, or sent direct upon receipt of price. SEND SIX TWO CENT STAMPS FOR SAMPLE BOX, BOOKLET AND PROOFS FREE. Eureka Chemical and Manufacturing Company, Manufacturing Chemists, La Crosse, Wis

A FREAK OF NATURE.

The Navel Orange and How It Came to This Country.

The first navel orange was doubtless a freak or "sport," as horticulturists say. To make such a fruit by artifice would be impossible. It is abnormal even in the bud. The navel shows in the bud as early as the latter can be examined under the microscope. It may even be traced back to the flower, which is double—though that word does not express the idea very well, each blossom having a secondary blossom within it. In the developed fruit the navel is itself a secondary orange, in some specimens having a distinct skin surrounding it.

The two story orange is no novelty. A book on horticulture published in 1642 gives a picture of the navel orange and calls it "pomum Adami fœtum." This is the earliest reference known. The blossoms rarely have any pollen, and the fruit is usually, though not always, seedless. The variety is reproduced by budding. Where it originated is not known with certainty, but it was probably in southern Asia. Thence it was brought to the region of the Mediterranean and eventually diffused over the world. A lady who had traveled in Brazil told Mr. Saunders, chief gardener of the department of agriculture, about the orange, which she had seen in that country. Acting on this information, Mr. Saunders told a Star reporter that he sent to Bahia and secured a dozen young budded trees. These reached the United States in 1870, being the first navel orange trees known here.

From these trees others were propagated. One of the first batch thus obtained is now in the orange house of the department of agriculture. In 1878 two of the trees were sent to Mrs. L. C. Tibbets of Riverside, Cal. At the same time others were sent to Florida. But those planted in California fruited more quickly and were the first to attract attention. It soon became evident that the climate of that state was better suited to the cultivation of this variety. In Florida it is not sufficiently productive—i. e., does not bear freely enough to be profitable. Nevertheless the finest navel oranges come from Florida, though they are not so handsome as those from California. —Washington Star.

LAFAYETTE'S GRAVE.

It Is In Old Paris, and a Silken American Flag Always Floats Over It.

"While in Paris a short while ago," said a traveler recently, "it occurred to me that it was a fitting act to make a pilgrimage to the tomb of that illustrious Frenchman, dear to the hearts of all American patriots, Marquis de Lafayette. I asked a number of people before I could find any one to enlighten me as to the spot, but after repeated inquiry ascertained its location. The grave is situated in old Paris, within the grounds of a convent that the ancestors of Lafayette founded, and where repose the remains of many of the French nobility. The first thing that attracted my attention in connection with the hero's tomb was that above it floated a silken flag bearing the stars and stripes.

"It seems that a good many years ago an American gentleman left in his will a sum of money to be used for the special purpose of keeping an American flag forever flying above the grave of Lafayette. It has done so, without intermission, from the day the will went into effect, and whenever, through the wear of the elements, one flag becomes unserviceable a new one straightway takes its place. Through untold centuries the emblem of the country which, in its early struggles for liberty, had his beneficent aid will wave above his ashes." —Washington Post.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

W. C. T. U. Column.

CONDUCTED BY A MEMBER.

The poor man's beer helps to keep him the poor man.

God and the saloon-keeper are never on the same side of the question.

We may not be able to make men virtuous by law, but we can stop the law from helping to make men vicious.

With 60,000 gallons of intoxicating liquor consumed annually in church communion services in the United States, opportunity for "home missionary" work does not seem to be lacking.

Idly, vainly shall we seek to stop excessive drinking, so long as we permit drinking at all. As well might you encourago men to drift over Niagara Falls, but exhort them to be sure to stop when half way down.

That the liquor traffic is a financial evil in untold numbers no one can doubt. There is no commodity that costs men so much as liquor and tobacco. The only equivalent they get in return is disease, misery and death. A man who buys fifty cents worth of liquor has purchased just so much ruin and damnation. Solve the drink and tobacco problem and the labor question becomes comparatively simple.

Habitual drunkards are cared for in a singular and withall effective manner in Norway and Sweden. The penalty is imprisonment, and during the incarceration they are fed on bread and wine, no water being allowed them. The bread is steeped in wine for an hour before it is brought to the cell night and morning. It tastes good at first, but after eight or ten days the prisoner is so nauseated by it that he refuses it. The cure is considered quite as effective as any gold treatment can be.

It is a fortunate day for a man when he first discovers the value of Ayer's Sarsaparilla as a blood purifier. With this medicine, he knows he has found a remedy upon which he may rely, and that his life-long malady is at last conquered. Has cured others, will cure you.

Importance of the Exchange Reader.

The man who reads the exchanges is a very important man, and, let me say, too, he is a pretty highly paid man. He has to read, we will say, 8,000 papers regularly. All the newspapers in the country come into the office, and he does not do anything else. He sits at his desk all day, and a pile of newspapers, or, say, a cord of newspapers, is laid before him every morning. He starts to work and turns them over and over to see what is in them. He has to know what it is that should be taken from them and put into his paper. What is the interesting story? It requires judgment to know this. It requires knowledge and experience as well as talent. It also requires a sense of humor, because there are a great many things that are really important that may not seem so at the first glance, and the newspaper reader has got to judge about that. He must always be on hand and spend a great many hours at his desk, and he is pretty tired when he gets through with his day's task. It is a hard duty, but he has lots of amusement, and, as I said, he is very well paid. So he is happy.—Charles A. Dana in McClure's Magazine.

A Winning Bluff.

Fogg—What do you mean by saying that the thing can't be done? Gouger says it can be done, and Gouger is the best authority in the whole world. I suppose you will admit that?

Fenderson—Oh, of course! If Gouger says it can be done, I have nothing more to say.

Figg (after Fenderson's departure)—Who is this Gouger and is he such an authority upon the matter?

Fogg—Never heard of him in my life. Don't know there is such a person. Probably there isn't. If there is, don't know whether he is an authority on this or any other question.—Boston Transcript.

Just a Marriage.

An old negro named Mammy who had taken a "day off" in order to attend that most important function among Afro-Americans—a wedding—was asked how she had enjoyed herself.

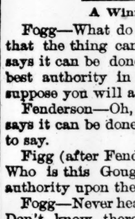
"Enj'y meself? I didnt' enj'y meself no how," was her reply. "'Twan't no weddin, dat ar. 'Twas jest a marryin. Dere wasn't no cake nor ice cream nor muffin else to eat wuff talkin about. 'Twan't no weddin. 'Twas jest a marryin."—New York Sun.

Venezuela means "Little Venice." The early explorers found the natives living in houses placed on piles in the marshes.

In 1889 the first patent for water gas was taken out in England by Cruickshanks.

SPECIFIC FOR SCROFULA.

"Since childhood, I have been afflicted with scrofulous boils and sores, which caused me terrible suffering. Physicians were unable to help me, and I only grew worse under their care. At length, I began to take



AYER'S Sarsaparilla, and very soon grew better. After using half a dozen bottles I was completely cured, so that I have not had a boil or pimple on any part of my body for the last twelve years. I can cordially recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the very best blood-purifier in existence."—G. T. REINHART, Myersville, Texas.

AYER'S

THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR Sarsaparilla

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures Coughs and Colds

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

DURHAM, N. C., Jan. 12, 1895.

Lyon Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—I was rendered entirely helpless from rheumatism in my right side and arm and had to give up work. I used Mexican Mustang Liniment freely, and within a month I was able to be about and can now attend to my business regularly. Whenever my arm or side hurts me I rub the Mustang Liniment in well and plentifully, apply a warm flannel when going to bed, and in the morning all pain has disappeared. I hope all who are troubled with rheumatism will try this liniment and convince themselves of its value. Yours,

Weigher in Blackwell's Durham Tobacco Co. J. R. CLIFTON, 201 McManus St.

DURHAM, N. C., Jan. 11, 1895.

Lyon Mfg. Co., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Gentlemen:—For 15 years I have used Mexican Mustang Liniment, and consider it the best liniment on earth; I am never without it. I recently used it on a bad gall on my horse's neck and it cured it in 3 days. I had, also, a bad sprain in my leg and had to use crutches several days. As soon as I commenced to use MUSTANG LINIMENT I felt relief, and in a few days was entirely well. I recommend it to any one needing a liniment for horses or for self, with confidence that they will get their money's worth.

Yours, JNO. R. HUTCHINGS.

Of Carrington & Hutchings, Prop'rs Ream's Warehouse, Durham, N. C.

KEEPS IT ON HAND

GEN. D. S. FORDES

Fredonia, N. Y.,

the able and accomplished Military Commander (father-in-law of the late Commander Wm. B. Cushing, U. S. N., who gained world-wide renown for his crowning feat of blowing up the iron clad Albemarl in 1864) writes Dr. Fenner:

"For many years I have kept on hand your Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic for immediate use when ever I have

A bilious attack or nervous prostration or feel run down. It always gives speedy relief—so much so that I have come to rely on it with the same certainty that I do on the law of gravitation."

DR. FENNER'S Kidney and Backache Cure DID IT.

A Great Renal Depurant.

Cures all diseases of the kidneys, bladder, urinary passages, Female Weaknesses, Bed Wetting in children, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Rheumatism, Skin and Blood Diseases, Swelled Limbs, Bright's Disease, Gravel or Stone in bladder, etc. Satisfaction guaranteed. Sample free.

Dr. Fenner's Pellets cure Sick Headaches, Constipation, etc. The best Family Physic.

Dr. Fenner's German Eye-Salve cures Sore Eyes, Cracked Lips, Piles, Skin Eruptions.

Dr. Fenner's Cough Honey. Relieves any cough, asthma, etc., in an hour.

Dr. Fenner's Golden Relief. A specific in any inflammation. Relieves burns, toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, or any pain in from 30 minutes. Cures colic, dysentery, dysentary and flux; also bronchitis and consumption. One dose cures LaGrippe.

FOR SALE BY DR. J. E. WOOD, ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Notice of Administration.

HAVING qualified as administrator of the late Joseph Bright I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

T. J. MURDEN, Administrator.

May 11th, 1895.

Executor's Noticei

HAVING qualified as Executor of the late L. B. Midgett, Sr., I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of theri recovery.

JESSE E. MIDGETT, Executor.

May 11th, 1895.

Administratrix Notice.

Having qualified as Administratrix of the late Charles Guirkin sr., I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

MRS. M. L. GUIRKIN. April 12, 18 Administratrix.

Notice of Administration.

Having qualified as Administrator of Joseph Price and Nancy Price dec'd, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to their estate to come forward and make immediate settlement and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

W. M. PRICE, April 6, 1895. Administrator.

Notice of Administration.

Having qualified as Administrator of the late Geo. W. James, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

B. F. JAMES, April 4, 1895. Administrator.

A. W. HAFF,

Successor to

Lanphear & Haff,

Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish, Lobsters, Etc., Etc.

NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET

NEW YORK.

North Carolina Shad a Specialty.

Agents.

WILLIS H. ROGERS,

Wholesale Commission

FISH DEALER

106 FULTON MARKET,

New York

North Carolina Shad a Specialty. Stencils furnished at a moment's notice.

Reference:—Gaikin & Co., Bankers, Elizabeth City, N. C, and other Financial houses when desired

Established 1861,

Sml, M. Lawder&Son

Wholesale Commission Dealers in

Fresh Fish,

SOFT CRABS

TERRAPIN, &C.

125 Light St., Baltimore, Md.

Quick Sales, Prompt Returns.

S. B. MILLER,

WHOLESALE COMMISSION

FISH Dealer,

7 FULTON FISH MK'T

NEW YORK.

North Corolina Shad a specialty. Stationery and Stencils furnished on application.

DAVENPORT & MORRIS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND

DEALERS IN FISH,

Richmond Va,

JAPANESE PILE CURE

A New and Complete Treatment, consisting of SUPPOSITORIES, Capsules of Ointment and two Boxes of Ointment. A never-failing Cure for Piles of every nature and degree. It makes an operation with the knife or injections of carbolic acid, which are painful and seldom a permanent cure, and often resulting in death, unnecessary. Why endure this terrible disease? We Guarantee 6 boxes to cure any case. You only pay for benefits received. $1 a box, 6 for $5. Sent by mail. Guarantees issued by our agents.

CONSTIPATION Cured, Piles Prevented, by Japanese Liver Pellets the great LIVER and STOMACH REGULATOR and BLOOD PURIFIER. Small, mild and pleasant to take, especially adapted for children's use. 50 Doses 25 cents.

GUARANTEES issued only by

Caleb Haley & Co.

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of

FRESH FISH,

14 FULTON FISH MARKET.

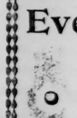
New York.

Write for Stencils and Stationary.

$100.00 Given Away Every Month

to the person submitting the most meritorious invention during the preceding month. WE SECURE PATENTS FOR INVENTORS, and the object of this offer is to encourage persons of an inventive turn of mind. At the same time we wish to impress the fact that

It's the Simple, Trivial Inventions That Yield Fortunes



—such as Dr. Long's Hook and Eye, "See that Hump," "Safety Pin," "Pigs in Clover," "Air Brake," etc.

Almost every one conceives a bright idea at some time or other. Why not put it in practical use? YOUR talents may lie in this direction. May make your fortune. Why not try?

Write for further information and mention this paper.

THE PRESS CLAIMS CO.

Philip W. Avirett, Gen. Mgr.,

618 F Street, Northwest,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

The responsibility of this company may be judged by the fact that its stock is held by over one thousand of the leading newspapers in the United States.

THE MILD POWER CURES.

HUMPHREYS'

Dr. Humphreys' Specifics are scientifically and carefully prepared Remedies, used for years in private practice and for over thirty years by the people with entire success. Every single Specific a special cure for the disease named. They cure without drugging, purging or reducing the system, and are in fact and deed the Sovereign Remedies of the World.

LIST OF NUMBERS.	CURES.	PRICES.
1	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations.	.25
2	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic...	.25
3	Teething; Colic, Crying, Wakefulness	.25
4	Diarrhea, of Children or Adults.....	.25
5	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic.....	.25
6	Cholera Morbus, Vomiting.....	.25
7	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis.....	.25
8	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache.....	.25
9	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo.	.25
10	Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation	.25
11	Suppressed or Painful Periods.	.25
12	Whites, Too Profuse Periods.....	.25
13	Croup, Laryngitis, Hoarseness....	.25
14	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions.	.25
15	Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains..	.25
16	Malaria, Chills, Fever and Ague.....	.25
17	Piles, Blind or Bleeding.....	.25
18	Ophthalmy, Sore or Weak Eyes.....	.25
19	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in the Head	.25
20	Whooping Cough.....	.25
21	Asthma, Oppressed Breathing.....	.25
22	Ear Discharges, Impaired Hearing	.25
23	Scrofula, Enlarged Glands, Swelling	.25
24	General Debility, Physical Weakness	.25
25	Dropsy, and Scanty Secretions.....	.25
26	Sea-Sickness, Sickness from Riding	.25
27	Kidney Diseases.....	.25
29	Sore Mouth, or Canker.....	.25
30	Urinary Weakness, Wetting Bed..	.25
31	Painful Periods.....	.25
34	Diphtheria, Ulcerated Sore Throat..	.25
35	Chronic Congestions & Eruptions.	.25
	EXTRA NUMBERS:	
28	Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, or Involuntary Discharges.....	1.00
32	Diseases of the Heart, Palpitation	1.00
33	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance...	1.00

Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. DR. HUMPHREYS' MANUAL (144 pages,) MAILED FREE. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.

SPECIFICS.

HUMPHREYS' WITCH HAZEL OIL "THE PILE OINTMENT."

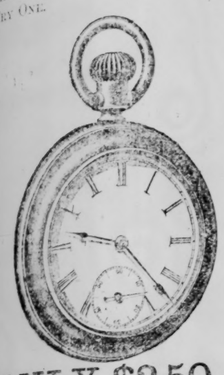
For Piles—External or Internal, Blind or Bleeding Fistula in Ano; Itching or Bleeding of the Rectum. The relief is immediate—the cure certain.

PRICE, 50 CTS. TRIAL SIZE, 25 CTS.

Sold by Druggists, or sent post-paid on receipt of price. HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., NEW YORK

MONEY can be earned at our New Business rapidly and honorably, by those of either sex, young or old, in their own localities wherever they live. You can do the work. Easy to learn everything. We start you. No risk. You can devote your spare moments, or all your time to the work. Many have already more than doubled their earnings. Beginners are earning from $25 to $50 per week and upwards, and more after a little experience. We can furnish you the employment and teach you FREE. No space to explain here. Full information FREE. TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE

ONLY $2.50
THE BEST WATCH
In Elizabeth City for the money.
TRY ONE.



ONLY $2.50.
THE BEST WATCH in Elizabeth City for the money, and fully guaranteed at
Hathaway Bros.,
THE RELIABLE JEWELERS.

North Carolina
Iron Works
—AND—
Supply House.
Machine Shop & Foundry,
MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS
Made and Repaired
Steamboat & Mill Work a Specialty.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

We are prepared to do Saw-Mill and Planing Mill work and General Machine and Foundry work of all descriptions. Our tools consists of 16 to 48 inch lathes and can turn Shafts 16 feet long. Planers 42 by 42 inches by 16 feet long.

Prices per hour for Machine work are as follows: Lathe work form 50 to 60c. Planer work from 50 to 60c. Drill work 50c. Shaper 50c. Fitting 35c. Out-side work 25c. Forge 50 to 60c. In our foundry we are capable of casting anything from one pound to one ton.

Prices for castings are as follows: Side Bars (small) 2c; Grates (standard) 2c; General castings from 2½ to 3c. Brass castings from 20 to 30cts per lb.

We carry in stock a full line of Bogy Fly Kill Wheels; also Standard Pedestal Bars, and are prepared to furnish Boiler Fronts and general Foundry work on short notice.

We are prepared to do our own Pattern work and we guarantee our work and prices to compare with any other city.

We carry in our Supply Store a full line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Packing, Rubbit Metal, Files, Belt Lacing, Engine and Rubber Packing, Lubricators, Steam Gauges, Brass Goods of all kinds, Belt Lacing, Oils and Pipe Fittings and Boiler Tubes.

We also handle Wood and Iron Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Collars, Shafting, Babbitting and Rubber Roofing Paint. We are agents for Wood Working Machinery, Engines and Boilers and Machinery of all description and Gasoline Engines and Launches.

For further information, address,

J. H. PARTRIDGE,
P. O. Box 224. Manager.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—E. C. Pryor. Commissioners—D. Trafford, J. L. Sawyer, J. E. Wood, J. R. Bernard, A. W. Dunn. Clerk—C. C. Affen. Treasurer—Sheppard Combs. Attorney—John Wilkins. Attorney, Geo. W. Ward. Street commissioner, Monroe Wright. Commissioners, Fred. H. Ziegler and W. Twiddy.

Collector of taxes—Jas. C. Brooks.

Constable—T. Lamb.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. Wood Brown and W. J. Lumsden.

Notaries and all Witnessings of each and all the corners of Road and Churches.

CHURCHES.

Episcopal, Rev. J. B. Hall, pastor; Presbyterian, Rev. C. S. Blackwell, pastor; Methodist, Rev. L. L. Williams, rector; Baptist, Rev. F. H. Johnston, pastor.

Colored—Methodist, Rev. H. Pettiford; corner Stone, Elder Zion H. Trotter; City Branch, Elder J. A. Bell, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, Rev. J. Coleman, pastor.

Masonic—Rooms over Dr. McMullan's store, corner of Matthews and Water streets. Religious exercises every Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. All generally invited. J. B. Blades, master; R. G. Pryor, vice president; L. Sykes, sec'y; H. O. Hill, treasurer.

LODGES.

Knights of Pythias: Eureka Lodge No. 317; Dr. W. Grigg, W. M.; G. W. Brothers, M. E.; J. Salomonsky, J. W.; D. B. Bradley, Sec'y and F. R. Mann, Treasurer.

Knights of Pythias: Achoree Lodge, No. 14; S. White, N. G.; E. F. Sawyer, V. G.; W. Morrisett, Sec'y J. F. Sanders, Treasurer.

Royal Arcanum: Tiber Creek Council No. 1760. C. E. Kramer, Regent; T. B. Wilson, Vice Regent; J. P. Overman, Secretary; F. M. Cook, Jr., Collector; N. Parker, Chaplain; W. C. Simons, Warden; W. W. Mann, Sentry; C. Guirkin, jr. Guide.

Knights of Honor: John H. Engle, Dictator; J. H. Burgess, Reporter, J. P. Overman, Treasurer.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: G. M. Scott, chairman, J. Whitehurst, Frank Weeks, Joseph Harrell, Charles L. Weeks.

Sheriff, Thomas P. Wilcox; Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, J. S. Morris.

Board of Education: G. W. Ward, Superintendent; J. C. Commander, Superintendent of Public Instruction, William J. Peele.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

W. F. Pool,	Carolinian Building
Wm. Albertson, jr.	Elliott street,
Geo. W. Ward,	Elliott street,
Ehringhaus & Sawyer,	Main street,
E. C. Pryor,	Main street,
Wm. Martin,	Main street,
Wm. Albertson, sr.	Elliott street,
J. L. Sawyer,	Carolinian Building,
Jno. R. Vaughan,	Main street, Carolinian Building.

PHYSICIANS.

W. J. Lumsden,	Road street,
W. T. Griggs,	Church street,
J. Wood,	Church street,
J. McMullan,	Pennsylvania Ave.
W. T. Griggs,	Church street.

DENTISTS.

S. White,	Main street,
W. Cridell,	Water street

DRUGGISTS.

W. T. Walsworth,	Road street,
J. Wood,	East Main street,
W. T. Griggs & Bro.,	Water street,
J. McMullan,	Main street,
	North Water street.

SCHOOLS.

Public Collegiate Inst.	S. L. Sheep, Prin't
Public School	L. N. Tillett, "
Normal (col.)	F. W. Moore, "

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, May 22, 1895.

☞Still too much rain.

☞Farmers are feeling discouraged.

☞May has been behaving almost as badly as April did.

☞The dying kicks of winter have been spasmodic and vicious.

☞The farmers just now are fighting potato bugs more than gold bugs.

☞There is now regular steamboat transportation between Elizabeth City and South Mills.

☞The Chowan Baptist Association is in session at Gatesville this week, having begun yesterday.

☞The low temperature, accompanying the continued rains, while favorable to the wheat and oats, has checked the growth of corn and cotton.

☞Our townsman Dr. W. J. Lumsden has been appointed by the Governor a member of the State Board of Health. An excellent selection.

☞To several delinquents we now make the request that they "pay up." Unless heard from within two weeks we must stop their papers. We mean business.

☞We acknowledge an invitation from the Trustees and Faculty to attend the Centennial Anniversary of the State University at Chapel Hill, on the 5th of June. The ceremonies will be of an imposing character. Mr. Robert Palemon Jenkins, of Elizabeth City, has been selected as one of the Assistant Marshals.

☞Pay no attention to the foolish rumors put in circulation about what the incoming City Administration will and will not do. Suffice it to say that politically it will be a *Republican* Administration, and that in its management of Municipal affairs it will be a BUSINESS one.

☞Arrangements are being made to organize a Colored Peoples' Fair to be held on the grounds of the Albemarle Park Association during the month of October. It is a worthy movement and should be encouraged. For information, address Hugh Cale, Chairman, or J. W. Brown, Secretary, at Elizabeth City, N. C.

☞The Directors of the Albemarle Park Association have published a report of its financial condition. They show, by figures and estimates, that the Association is solvent, but that it is embarrassed with a debt of about $3,100.00. They appeal to its friends and the public to aid it in the way of subscriptions to its capital stock, which is $50 a share. Let this be done, for it would be akin to a calamity to this section to suffer the Association to go into liquidation and have no more Fairs.

☞Having been unanimously elected one of the Commissioners of Elizabeth City for the ensuing two years, we confess that we are not unmindful of the responsibility about to be imposed upon us. The office is by no means a sinecure place, but it is one requiring thought, care and the exercise of a man's best judgment. Feeling a local civic pride in our City and identified in interest with its material advancement in every way, we will try to perform our duty as we understand it.

☞Mr. Martin L. Simpson, who went to Baltimore last week to undergo another surgical operation, died on Saturday night and his remains were brought here for burial yesterday. The funeral took place from the Baptist Church, a large number of people attending. The sermon was preached by Rev. Dr. Blackwell and the services conducted by the Odd Fellows, of which order he was a member. His age was about 40 years. He was much esteemed by all who knew him. He leaves a wife and two children.

☞Conversing with our townsman Capt. J. F. Snell the other day about the late Gilbert Elliott, whose death was announced in last week's CAROLINIAN, he incidentally mentioned the fact that Mr. Elliott was the contractor who built the famous Confederate iron-clad gun boat "Albemarle," and that he did the work. Capt. Snell had intended making a model of the vessel for exhibition at one of our Fairs, and wrote Mr. Elliott for some facts. In his reply, dated Dec. 13th, 1887, Mr. Elliot says: "Glad you intend to make a model of the Albemarle, as you are well qualified so to do, *having been her builder for me.* When you have exhibited your model I would like to buy it from you to put on my parlor wall." The work was done at Edward's Ferry, Halifax county, in 1863. She was 152 feet long, 45 feet wide and 9 feet deep. She was sunk at Plymouth on the night of October 27, 1864, by Lieut. Cushing, of the U. S. Navy, who performed the daring feat of destroying her with a torpedo.

☞Private opinion is weak, but public opinion is almost omnipotent.

☞"Best they ever had taken," is what they say of Zoeller's Photographs

☞To tell a person of the evil and to say nothing of the good is cruel.

☞Have you seen those Patent Leather and Tan Shoes at McCabe & Grices?

☞Friends' Quarterly meeting will be held at Belvidere on Saturday and Sunday.

☞McCabe & Grice keep the correct styles of Men's and Boy's Hats. Call and get one for Easter.

☞Dishonesty is constant in its appeal that Justice be tempered with Mercy.

☞The price of corn at Norfolk 50 cents; in this market 52.

☞Old Pictures copied and enlarged by Zoeller, on Water street.

☞Women ought to learn that matrimony was never intended as a salvation for men.

☞If you want a Shoe that is durable, stylish and up-to-date, you can't do better than try the Zeigler Shoes at THE FAIR.

☞A little machine for sewing on buttons, just invented, is lidely to prove a boon to bachelors.

☞John L. Sawyer expects a carload of wire this week. Get their prices before buying. They will save you money.

☞Two largely common crops that should be considerably reduced—lice on hens and weeds in the garden.

☞The latest style in neck wear at McCabe & Grices.

☞A three masted Schooner, loaded with coffee, stranded near Little Island Life Saving Station on the 18th.

☞Is your wall faded or discolored? If it is, go to THE FAIR and get some of the Wall Paper they are selling so cheap.

☞"A feather in his cap" was permitted, in some ancient nations, to a warrior who had killed one of the enemy.

☞Carpets, Matting, Oil Cloth, and Spring Clothing at Fowler's, and at the right prices to match the times.

☞The United States Supreme Court declares that the Income Tax is unconstitutional.

☞A mad dog having bitten a number of dogs in Edenton, the Mayor has ordered the Constable to kill all dogs found at large.

☞Rock bottom Prices on Windows, Doors, Blinds, Paints and Barb Wire at John L. Sawyer & Co.'s.

☞To "Student" the CAROLINIAN will state that China rules the greatest population in the world, having 402,800,000 inhabitants.

☞J. L. Sawyer & Co., have just received a car load of Windows, Doors and Blinds. Give them a call when in need of anything in the Hardware line.

☞Rheumatism is caused by Uric Acid in the blood. Dr. Humphrey's Specific No. 15 opens the clogged ducts, purifies the blood, renews the vigor and cures the rheumatism.

☞To "Leumas" the CAROLINIAN replies: The date of the surrender of General Lee's army to General Grant was April 9, 1865.

☞The harrow should be used more than it is. Not only does it mellow the soil, but it turns up worms for the birds to destroy.

☞The present session of the State Colored Normal School at this place is nearing its close. The Commencement Exercises will take place at the Court House next week. The annual address will be delivered by Rev. Dr. Blackwell. The session has been a very successful one. It is one of the best conducted Schools in the State.

☞A big lot of Men's light Clothing, actual value $12.50, fine, all wool and well made, will be sold at $5.00 suit at Fowler & Co's until sold out. Call and examine them.

☞Truckers, you will make no mistake in buying your Potato Barrels of The Jones Manufacturing Company, of this City. They make decidedly the best Truck barrel on the market.

☞LADIES: At Fowler & Co's you'll find over 200 different styles of ladies fine shoes in black and russet. These shoes are manufacturer's samples, and ladies who wear 3's to 4's should not miss this opportunity of purchasing unusualy good shoes at a low price.

☞Fowler & Co. will take pleasure in showing you their nice line of Silks, Cashmeres, Henriettas, Hamburgs and White Goods. An examination of goods and prices is sufficient to sell them.

☞When the merciful Creator told the first man that in the sweat of his brow he must eat his bread he revealed to him and to his posterity the whole economic law of production—the one infallible rule by which industrial prosperity can be achieved.

☞At the late election of the Philomatherian Society of Wake Forest College, Mr. G. N. Bray, of Camden, was chosen to represent it as first debater at the next anniversary exercises.

LOCAL MENTION.

The sun rose this morning at 4:49 and will set to-night at 7:03.—The local "war is over;" now let us "have peace."—Mrs. Rev. Geo. W. Greene is visiting relatives and friends here.—Dr. W. J. Lumsden attended the annual meeting of the American Medical Association.—A decided majority of the people of Elizabeth City favor improvement.—Most people, like clocks, show in their faces the result of their works.—Did anybody ever see a town go forward rapidly when part of its people pull against the other part?—After six long and weary years, Elizabeth City has been wrenched from the Democratic "ring" rule'—Boiler Inspecter J. W. Nicholson, of Norfolk, was in the city on Wednesday.—The Jingler jingles:

The oyster season's over,
But the lover has no rest,
For SHE will be able shortly
To enjoy ice cream with zest.

—The weather the past week justifies the remark that winter is lingering in the arms of summer.—Strawberries and vegetables are plentiful in market and moderate in prices.—Mrs. F. M. Cook, sr., who has been seriously ill, is rapidly convalescing.—A mind conscious of integrity scorns to say more than it means to perform.—Mr. Fred. H. Ziegler and Mr. Hathaway spent several days in Edenton last week.—When those whose "itch-palms" are covered with pitch talk about tar on the hands of others, it simply excites the contempt of honest men.—Ends in a strike, a match.—We are glad to announce that Master Roy Crawford, the expert base ball player, who had a leg fractured on the grounds recently, is improving rapidly.—The theme of the Bard this week is "Time." He writes:

Time gives to man a parting touch
In a way he can't deny;
But woman's graciousness is such,
Time smiles and passes by.

—Our friend Mr. L. Basnight, formerly of Columbia, but now of Coinjock, has been spending a few days here. He gave us several friendly calls.—A girl who knows a soft thing when she sees it rejects the dude.—"Johnnie," asked the Sunday School teacher, "what do you understand by the future state?" "Please ma'am, I guess its a Territory," was the reply. The Democratic Commissioner elect of the Second Ward sends us a respectful note assuring us that we were misinformed about the boast referred to in our last issue. We cheerfully give him the benefit of his disclaimer for we scorn doing intentional injustice to any man, even a Democrat. —"The Lord delighteth in mercy;" Micah VII:18.—Say: Did you ever see a pretty girl who didn't look saucy?—When a public official gets to think that he is a "big gun" the *people* are very apt to fire him.—It happened, no matter where:

"You're all the world to me," he cried,
And she, with gentle mirth
And tenderness, said: "Have you told
Papa you want the earth?"

—To the numerous inquiries, "Who will be Mayor, Clerk, Constable Treasurer and Street Commissioner?" the CAROLINIAN replies: Wait and see!—Courtship is seldom a training school for what comes after.—Did you ever see a lazy man who had time?—To get the local news you have got to take and read the CAROLINIAN. Only one dollar a year.—The "machine" Democrats of Elizabeth City have a "tired" feeling. The late election was too enervating.—Mr. J. L. Brothers, of Savannah, Ga., has been spending a few days here visiting his aunts on South Road street. He gave us a pleasant call.—Learning that it has been intimated that we can and will dictate who shall be the officers under the new administration, we take this occasion to say that it is without a shadow of foundation. As a member of the incoming Board we will have just *one vote*, and no more. The other Republican members will each have a voice and will act and vote as they think right. As the *majority* votes, so it will be.—Capt. T. P. Midgett, of Rodanthe, arrived here on Monday with 63 boxes of Blue Fish, which he shipped North. He called and paid his respects.—Mr. M. W. Jones, of Winfall, dropped in the other day. He reports that the crop prospects in his section are gloomy.—A number of our Baptist folks are off to the Association at Gatesville.—Hon. Elihu A. White and his son Elbert S., of Belvidere, were in the City yesterday. Both called and gave us a half-hour entertaining chat.—The revival meeting at the Methodist Church continues, and with growing interest.—Miss Mary E. Raper leaves this morning on a visit to friends at Norfolk.

THE DISCOVERY SAVED HIS LIFE.

Mr G. Cailloute. Druggist, Beaversville. Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at Alex. Wadsworth's Drug Store,

☞Have your old Pictures copied at Zoeller's. Don't give them to an unreliable copying agent.

FIRST-CLASS BRICK: The Thompson Brick Works manufacture the best Brick for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G. Thompson, manager, Elizabeth City, N.C.

☞The largest stock of Men's Furnishing Goods in the City—perfect fitting and latest styles—at McCabe & Grice's.

☞We sell more Clothing than any other Store in Elizabeth City. We have the largest stock to select from. Call and see us. McCABE & GRICE.

A WOMAN WHO WILL WORK

WANTED in every county to introduce the Celebrated "Hygea" Waists for all ages. This waist supercedes the corset, and has received the unanimous approval of the leading physicians of America. $3.00 outfit free. Any energetic woman can make from $15 to $50 weekly. Send for circulars and terms. HYGEIA M'F'G CO., 378 Canal st N Y

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

In Poor Health

means so much more than you imagine—serious and fatal diseases result from trifling ailments neglected. Don't play with Nature's greatest gift—health.

Brown's Iron Bitters

If you are feeling out of sorts, weak and generally exhausted, nervous, have no appetite and can't work, begin at once taking the most reliable strengthening medicine, which is Brown's Iron Bitters. A few bottles cure—benefit comes from the very first dose—*it won't stain your teeth*, and it's pleasant to take.

It Cures

Dyspepsia, Kidney and Liver Troubles,
Neuralgia, Bad Blood
Constipation, Nervous ailments
Malaria, Women's complaints.

Get only the genuine—it has crossed red lines on the wrapper. All others are substitutes. On receipt of two 2c. stamps we will send set of Ten Beautiful World's Fair Views and book—free.
BROWN CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilbains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. price 25c per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth.

Spring Gentle Spring,

But don't spring too far. There's no reason for it when you have McCabe & Grice right at your door.

But what we were going to say was that

Spring,
Gentle
Spring

will soon be knocking at our doors and we're fully prepared for the tender maiden. Our store is filled with seasonable goods at prices that will even make SPRING. GENTLE SPRING stare when she arrives at

McGabe & Grice,

Leading Merchants and Hustlers,

WATER STREET,

Elizabeth City, N. C

THE SONG OF THE SHIRT.

It is of interest to read the exact number of stitches contained in a Shirt, according to the list of their position as given by a Shirt-Maker. When we add to this labor, cost of the material and the cutting out, the puzzle is how can such a garment ever be sold as cheap as it is.

	STITCHES.
Stiching Collar, four sides	3000
Sewing the ends	509
Buttonholes & sewing on buttons	500
Sewing collar & gathering neck	1204
Stitching waistband	1228
Sewing the ends	68
Buttonholes	148
Hemming the slits	264
Gathering the sleeves	840
Setting the waistbands	1468
Stitching shoulder staps, 3 rows	1880
Hemming the bosom	393
Sewing the sleeves	2554
Setting in sleeves and gussetts	8050
Tapping the sleeves	1526
Sewing the seams	848
Setting the gutsetts in	424
Hemming the bottom	1104
Totol stitches	25000

Think of putting 25000 stitches in a fast colored shirt and selling it for 75c. Colored and White Shirts from 39c to $1.

NECKWEAR.

There are social Ties and kindred Ties
And Ties in a games of ball,
But the Neckties that we advertise
Are the prettiest Ties of all.

All the Latest Styles of Neckware at popular prices. The Four-in-Hand Teck, when worn, has the appearance of a self-made tie. Graduated Four-in-Hands, DeJoinville Tecks and Four-in-Hands, Riverside Club Ties, Bows etc., in dark and light colors.

R. Salomonsky,
Reliable Advertiser of Facts.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

Mr. J. F. Lamb has returned home from New York.

Mr. I. F. Lee made a short visit to Hertford last week.

Mrs. Caroline Edwards left on a day last week for New York city.

Mr. J. W. Barrington left Saturday to engage in teaching at Roanoke Island.

Mrs. Frances Holly, from New York, is visiting her aunt and Mrs. Deliah Lamb.

Work on the Presbyterian Church, Mr. John W. James in charge, is progressing rapidly.

Miss Sarah Johnson returned on Friday from Philadelphia, where she has been for some time.

Mrs. W. C. Bowser and Mrs. N. J. Simmons, of Manteo, are visiting relatives and friends here.

Mr. Spencer Bright, of Currituck, spent the Sabbath here. He was on his way to the Association.

Mr. R. H. Riddick, of Creswell, spent a few days in the city last week and then left for Philadelphia.

The proceeds of the Whiteville Grove Church, near Nixonton, on Sunday was $20.25. Rev. J. C. Edney is pastor.

The present term of the public school will terminate on Tuesday next. The closing exercises will take place at the school building.

The Roanoke Missionary Baptist Association opened at Conaho, Martin county, yesterday. Rev. J. K. Lamb, of this city, is Moderator.

The Chart Rally at Mt. Lebanon Church next Sunday indicates a successful issue. Both pastor and members are working in that direction.

The "Fourfold Natnre of Man" was the subject ably handled by Mr. G. S. Boomer, at Corner Stone Sabbath School on last Sunday evening.

The new Samaritan Hall will be dedicated to-day, There will be a parade and addresses during the day and an entertainment at the hall at night.

Through the efforts of those in charge the materials for the construction of the chapel of the Pennsylvania Misson have been secured. Work on the building will begin at an early date.

A whole week's literary treat will be afforded the public next week by the Faculty and Students of the State Normal School. An excellent programme of music, recitations, essays and orations has been prepared, and on each evening, from Monday 'till Friday, new and interesting features will be presented. The exercises will be held in the court house.

ECONOMICAL
—INK—

Barbour's Tablet Ink possesses many advantages over the best liquid ink, and is sold at a lower price. Dissolve a tablet in water and you get a dead black, permanent ink, that flows freely, does not gum, leaves no sticky, mussy sediment in the ink well, does not corrode the pen. You make it as you want it. If you buy it and don't like it, send it back and we'll return your money.

For fifteen cents, we will send enough tablets to make half a pint of combined writing and copying ink.

For fifty cents, we will send enough tablets to make a gallon of the best "school" ink you ever saw. School ink won't copy.

65 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK

Andrews School Furnishing Company

NG. Grandy & Co.

MERCHANDISE BROKERS.

.....AGENTS FOR.....

Woldredge High-Class FERTILIZERS.

We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.

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Manufacturers of and Dealers in
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Fish and Produce BOXES

Shipments made by Rail or Water Estimates Furnishe d. Address,
KRAMER BROS., & CO.,
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What is
CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."
DR. J. F. KINCHELOE,
Conway, Ark.

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D.,
111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."
UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY,
Boston, Mass.
ALLEN C. SMITH, *Pres.*

The Centaur Company, 77 Murray Street, New York City.

Is It Bargains you are Looking For?
WELL STOP RIGHT WHERE YOU ARE.
OUR NEW SPRING STOCK IS FULL OF THEM.

EVERY PURCHASE MADE AT OUR STORE IS A GUARANTEE BY US THAT YOU HAVE OBTAINED THE BEST & MOST FOR YOUR MONEY.

THE FAIR,
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING
Furnishing Goods,
Hats, Caps, Shoes &c.
—WATER STREET—
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

EVERY PURCHASE MADE AT OUR STORE IS AN ASSURANCE BY US THAT YOU'VE RECEIVED THE BEST QUALITY LATEST STYLE, LOWEST PRICE.

We Want Your Trade, we Want it in a way to Hold it.
BY SELLING THE BEST AND DIVIDING PROFITS WE CAN DO IT
If we Merit your Patronage on this basis, Come now and Pick out the Goods
Prices on Everything EXTREMELY LOW.
If it's Bargains You are Looking for, Come At Once to Us.

DON'T STOP TOBACCO

IT'S INJURIOUS TO STOP SUDDENLY and don't be imposed upon by buying a remedy that requires you to do so, as it is nothing more than a substitute. In the sudden stoppage of tobacco you must have some stimulant, and in most all cases the effect of the stimulant, be it opium, morphine, or other opiates, leaves a far worse habit contracted. Ask your druggist about BACO-CURO. It is purely vegetable. You do not have to stop using tobacco with BACO-CURO. It will notify you when to stop and your desire for tobacco will cease. Your system will be as free from nicotine as the day before you took your first chew or smoke. An iron-clad written guarantee to absolutely cure the tobacco habit in all its forms or money refunded. Price $1,00 per box or 3 boxes (30 days treatment and guaranteed cure) for $2.50. For sale by all druggist or will be sent by mail upon receipt of price. SEND SIX TWO CENT STAMPS FOR SAMPLE BOX. Booklets and proofs free. Eureka Chemical & M'f'g Co., La Crosse, Wis.

Office of the PIONEER PRESS CO., C. W. HORNICK, Supt.
St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 7, 1894.

Eureka Chemical and M'f'g Co., La. Cross, Wis.

DEAR SIRS—I have been a tobacco fiend for many years, and during the past two years have smoked fifteen to twenty cigars regularly every day. My whole nervous system became affected, until my physician told me I must give up the use of tobacco for the time being at least. I tried the so-called "Keeley Cure," "No-To-Bac" and various other remedies but without success until I accidently learned of your "Baco-Curo." Three weeks ago to-day I commenced using your preparation, and to-day I consider myself completely cured; I am in perfect health, and the horrible craving for tobacco, which every inveterate smoker fully appreciates, has completely left me. I consider your Baco-Curo simply wonderful, and can fully recommend it.

Yours very truly, C. W. HORNICK.

OUR NEW
Spring & Summer
stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Shoes, Millinery &c.
HAS ARRIVED.
New Goods, New Styles and the Lowest Prices. You are respectfully invited to call and look them over.
MOSES WEISEL.

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Wholesale and Retail.
DRY GOODS
AND SHOES
Bottom Prices to All.

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PENSIONS
Address a letter or postal card to THE PRESS CLAIMS COMPANY, JOHN WEDDERBURN, Managing Attorney, P. O. Box 463. WASHINGTON, D. C.
PENSIONS PROCURED FOR WIDOWS, SOLDIERS, CHILDREN, PARENTS.
Also, for Soldiers and Sailors disabled in the line of duty in the regular Army or Navy since the war. Survivors of the Indian wars of 1832 to 1842, and their widows, now entitled. Old and rejected claims a specialty. Thousands entitled to higher rates. Send for new laws. No charge for advice. No fee until successful.

PATENTS
Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.
OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,
C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

More Haste, Less Speed.

There is a natural and very strong desire in the spring and early summer to get rid of underwear and overwear, so that the fresh air may thoroughly refresh. But the worst colds of the whole year are taken, and especially at open windows, where the drafts are strongest and a chill the surest. It is there where lumbago sets in. It is just the condition and circumstance to make such an attack sure. It is just the time also when St. Jacobs Oil should be handy for immediate use. It is a time, too, when it makes its surest cures. For lumbago it is a certain remedy.

The annual appropriation for lighthouse keeping is now nearly $4,000,000.

Dr. Kilmer's SWAMP-ROOT cures all Kidney and Bladder troubles. Pamphlet and Consultation free. Laboratory Binghamton, N. Y.

Twenty per cent. of the pupils in British schools are said to be near sighted.

When Traveling

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, as it acts most pleasantly and effectively on the kidneys liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cents and $1 bottles by all leading druggists.

Why Pay Doctors?

A guaranteed cure for Constipation without medicine or injections, originally sold for $1; a permanent cure for Diabetes, ending $5; a California Salve for Piles—gives instant relief; and a positive cure for Rheumatism. To secure these four home cures, and thus save doctor's bills, send 14 cents (stamps) to Home Cure Co., 1012 Walnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Health in Your Vest Pocket!

A box of Ripans Tabules can be stowed away in your vest pocket. It costs you only 60 cents, and may save you as many dollars' worth of time and doctor bills.

M. L. Thompson & Co., Druggists, Coudersport, Pa., say Hall's Catarrh Cure is the best and only sure cure for catarrh they ever sold. Druggists sell it, 75c.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle

Piso's Cure is the medicine to break up children's Coughs and Colds.—Mrs. M. G. BLUNT, Sprague, Washington, March 8, 1894.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c per bottle.

Rich Red Blood

Is the Foundation of the Wonderful Cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

That is Why the cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla are CURES.

That is Why Hood's Sarsaparilla cures the severest cases of Scrofula, Salt Rheum and other blood diseases.

That is Why it overcomes That Tired Feeling, strengthens the nerves, gives energy in place of exhaustion.

That is Why the sales of Hood's Sarsaparilla have increased year after year, until it now requires the largest Laboratory in the world for the production of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Life is a Burden

With many women who are afflicted with impure blood, which causes debility and a variety of diseases. The **Hood's Sarsaparilla Purifies The Blood** following is a sample case of prompt relief by Hood's Sarsaparilla:

"I have received more benefit from Hood's Sarsaparilla than from all other medicines or remedies. For years I suffered terribly with a cankered stomach, indigestion, dyspepsia and general debility. Life was a burden. On taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, together with Hood's Pills, my health began to improve. Formerly anything I ate caused me great distress. Now I can eat heartily and am greatly improved in flesh and health. I most cheerfully recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla." MRS. GRACE PARRISON, Cazenovia, New York.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

It creates an appetite and overcomes That Tired Feeling. Be sure to get Hood's.

Hood's Pills the after-dinner pill and family cathartic. 25c.

R R R

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE.

CURES AND PREVENTS

Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Influenza, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Swelling of the Joints, Lumbago, Inflammation.

RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA,

FROSTBITES, CHILBLAINS, HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE, ASTHMA, DIFFICULT BREATHING.

CURES THE WORST PAINS in from one to twenty minutes. NOT ONE HOUR after reading this advertisement need any one SUFFER WITH PAIN.

Radway's Ready Relief is a Sure Cure for Every Pain, Sprains, Bruises, Pains in the Back, Chest or Limbs—It was the first and is the only PAIN REMEDY

That instantly stops the most excruciating pains, allays inflammation, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, or other glands or organs, by one application.

A half to a teaspoonful in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Spasms, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Sick Headache, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Colic, Flatulency and all internal pains.

There is not a remedial agent in the world that will cure Fever and Ague and all other Malarious, Bilious and other fevers, aided by RADWAY'S PILLS, so quickly as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

Fifty cents per bottle. Sold by Druggists.

RADWAY & CO., New York.

WALTER BAKER & CO.

The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES On this Continent have received HIGHEST AWARDS from the great Industrial and Food EXPOSITIONS In Europe and America.

Unlike the Dutch Process, no Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes are used in any of their preparations. Their delicious BREAKFAST COCOA is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.

WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

FROST IN MANY STATES.

A Remarkable Cold Snap Plays Havoc With Crops.

THE GRAPE BELT DEVASTATED.

Arctic Weather in the Northwest—Grain Thought to Be Safe—Western New York and Pennsylvania Vineyards Suffer Severely—Fruit Blossoms Frozen—Heavy Snow in Michigan.

Jack Frost suddenly dropped down on the middle States, the West and Northwest and destroyed fruit, corn and vegetables in ten or more States. The devastation was widespread. Reports have poured in showing that in many sections the grape, apple, plum and strawberry crops were almost ruined, while corn and vegetables were cut to the ground. Corn can be replanted, but the loss in many of the vegetables will be permanent. Telegrams from the following points will convey an idea of the widespread damage inflicted.

Dunkirk, N. Y.: Sunday night's freeze has desolated the Chautauqua grape belt. The vineyards appear as black as if fire had passed over them. Farmers report all small fruits badly damaged. Cherries are entirely destroyed, also strawberries and early garden stuff. Grape-growers are greatly discouraged, as the crop will be a total failure in this vicinity. Ice formed three-eighths of an inch thick on still water and vegetation was frozen stiff.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y. The thermometer dropped from seventy degrees to below the freezing point in this locality, and ice formed in several places.

Utica, N. Y.: At Clayville, Oneida County, snow fell for two hours. The thermometer registered thirty-six degrees.

Pittsburg, Penn. Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Western Virginia have been visited by a heavy white frost. The mercury dropped to thirty-two degrees, and in exposed places ice formed a quarter of an inch thick. Garden truck and grapes were nipped.

Wilmington, Del. Reports from down the State are to the effect that the cold snap of last night did not injure the fruit. The the thermometer registered as low as thirty-eight, but the clouded sky and stiff breeze prevented the frost from doing any harm to the peach and berry crops.

Green Bay, Wis. A severe blizzard prevailed here from midnight to 9 a. m. Three inches of snow fell, accompanied by a wind blowing forty miles an hour. Great damage resulted to fruits, market gardens and growing grains.

Cincinnati, Ohio. The United States Weather Bureau reports a killing frost at Pittsburg, Cleveland, Columbus, Parkersburg, W. Va., and Chattanooga, Tenn. Telegrams from numerous points throughout Northern Ohio show that the frost was most disastrous in its effect upon fruit and early vegetables. In many sections nearly all the grapes, apples, peaches, cherries and early garden vegetables were killed. The temperature fell below the freezing point and ice formed on still water. The damage done is large.

Chicago, Ill. Reports from many points in the Northwest are to the effect that considerable damage was done to small fruits and vegetable crops in many sections by the frosts. Corn in many places has been badly injured, but may yet be replanted. Other grains are said not to have suffered much. Kansas escaped the frosts except in the southern part of the State and the lowlands generally along the Arkansas, Walnut and Kansas Rivers and tributaries.

Minneapolis, Minn. Minnesota, Wisconsin and South Dakota all suffered from the frost but North Dakota escaped with but little damage. Snow fell at Ely Tower and the Iron Range points. Garden truck and small fruits suffered badly, and grain in a lesser degree. The frost is reported to have been a not unmixed damage in some quarters, since it killed the tender shoots of the Russian thistle. Wheat is reported damaged slightly and oats badly in some quarters. Cranberries and strawberries and other small fruits in West Wisconsin were frozen solid.

Menominee, Mich. A gale with snow passed over this city and the snow was three or four inches deep. All gardens and many fruit and shade trees are ruined.

Oshkosh, Wis. An inch of snow fell here, and the thermometer was at the freezing point. Great damage has been done to early fruit, berries and gardens. Winter wheat and early corn have also suffered to a considerable extent. It is probable a large acreage will have to be replanted.

A STATE SENATOR KILLED.

He Was Murdered by a Woman While Asleep in Bed at St. Louis.

State Senator Peter R. Morrissey, one of the best known Democratic politicians in Missouri, as well as one of the wealthiest, was shot and killed while asleep in a disorderly house, in St Louis. The murderess was Maud Lewis, proprietress of the house and jealousy inspired the act.

The State Senate adjourned out of respect to Morrissey's memory, and appointed a committee to attend his funeral. His death makes the Senate a tie politically. The House is Republican, and thus for the first time in twenty-five years the Democrats have no majority in either branch of the Legislature. Morrissey's death also defeats the end for which the present extra session was called.

The National Game.

An Indian baseball team is touring Kansas.

Beckley is now captain of the Pittsburg team.

Comiskey and Mullane alternate at St. Paul's first base.

Welch will do the bulk of the catching for the Louisville team.

Brouthers has been released by Baltimore and signed by Louisville.

Smith, of the Rochesters is playing his nineteenth year on the diamond.

Ewing at present leads the Cincinnati team in both fielding and batting.

Manager Hanlon, of Baltimore, has offered New York $500 for Pitcher Clarke.

Washington released Pitcher Krum, and then regretting it recalled the release.

Pfeffer carried his threat into execution and voluntarily retired from the Louisville team.

Schriver has been assigned by Captain Davis, of New York, to catch Rusie regularly. Farrell will attend to Meekin as usual.

Captain Nash, of Boston, never put up a better all-round game than this season.

Bannon replaced Burke in New York's left field, and proved the change a good one.

The "Rainmakers" and the "Trolley Dodgers" are the latest terms used by baseball writers to designate the Philadelphias and Brooklyns respectively.

At Liberty, Mo., Oscar Hummell, fifteen years of age, was almost instantly killed on the public school grounds by a baseball hitting him over the heart.

Two umpires of the National League believe that Hawley, of Pittsburg, will be the star pitcher of 1895, far surpassing Rusie, Meekin, Nichols, Stivetts, et al.

Hart, of Pittsburg; Smith, of the Philadelphias; Phillips, of Cincinnati, and Hoffer, of Baltimore, seem to be the best "finds" in the pitching department this season.

Anson, of Chicago, says: "My new third baseman, Everett, is a world-beater. He can give anybody points on playing third base. I have the prize of the season in him."

Catcher Fisher, of Chattanooga, has false teeth. In a recent game against Nashville they fell out, and Umpire Keller had to call time to allow him to pick them up and wash them.

Connor, of St. Louis, is batting freely enough to make those who were anxious to have him dropped from the New York team wish he was a Giant now. He is making a specialty of home runs and two-baggers this season.

There is a general howl going up among the managers and players about the new coaching rules.

The Boston players to a man think they have only Baltimore to beat out to win the pennant.

Paul Hines, the old Providence fielder, refuses to be crowded off the diamond. After several years of retirement he will again enter the profession, having secured an engagement with the Burlington (Iowa) club as captain and first baseman.

At the opening game of the season at the Brooklyn's baseball grounds Captain Griffin, of the home club, knocked a very high foul fly, which cleared the left field fence and fell into the smokestack of a locomotive hauling a train to Canarsie. The engineer at the same moment caused the smokestack to give vent to a terrific "choo-choo," the ball was driven out to a height of about thirty feet and as it fell it was caught by a colored lad, who ran away with it.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

Washington Items.

During the month of April, 1895, 40,444 immigrants arrived at the ports of the United States.

President Cleveland is deluged by letters from parents of triplets and quadruplets.

Great Britain notified the United States that it would not observe the regulations regarding sealing firearms on vessels in Bering Sea.

Admiral Meade declined to answer the inquiries of the Navy Department regarding his criticism of the Administration.

United States Minister Haselton was recalled from Venezuela because he was mentally and physically broken down.

Postmaster-General Wilson awarded the contract for supplying the Postoffice Department with registered package envelopes, tag and dead letter envelopes for the next fiscal year to the Plympton Manufacturing Company and the Morgan Envelope Company of Hartford, Conn.

Brigadier-General Craighill, the new Chief of Engineers, assumed charge of the Engineer Corps of the Army.

The Navy Department states that fifty able seamen of the cruiser New York have been ordered in irons for desertion.

Domestic.

RECORD OF THE LEAGUE CLUBS.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.	Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per ct.
Pittsburg..	13	6	.684	Baltimore.	7	7	.500
Cincinnati.	12	8	.600	Philadel...	8	8	.500
Boston.....	10	7	.588	Brooklyn..	7	10	.412
Chicago...	12	9	.571	Wash'ng'n.	6	10	.375
Cleveland.	10	8	.556	St. Louis..	8	14	.364
New York.	9	8	.529	Louisville.	5	12	.294

The convention at Salt Lake City, Utah, called by Governor Rickards, of Montana, to discuss means to promote the interests of the silver cause met, after a parade, in the Great Mormon Tabernacle. Over 2000 delegates were present. Governor Rickards presided.

One of the powder mills at Schaghticoke, N. Y., blew up. Chauncey Lohmes was killed and Charles Clump fatally injured. Both men were employed in the mill.

T. W. Atkinson, of New York City, was chosen Commander of the New York State Department, G. A. R., by the Saratoga Encampment.

An anti-trolley indignation meeting in Brooklyn, N. Y., was attended by 10,000 persons.

Three thousand employes of the Pencoyd Iron Works at West Manyhunk, Penn., had their wages advanced ten per cent.

By a tie vote the bill for the reorganization of the New York City Police Department was killed in the State Senate at Albany.

The competitive drill of the military companies at Memphis, Tenn., began.

Eckley B. Coxe, the most prominent coal operator in Pennsylvania, died at Drifton of pneumonia. He was fifty-six years old.

Mr. and Mrs. Hale, a newly-married couple, were burned to death in their new home at Midland, Mich. The fire was incendiary.

The trial of Police Inspector William W. McLaughlin for bribery and extortion in taking $50 from Contractor Francis W. Seagrist, Jr., ended in a disagreement of the jury. The jurors stood ten for conviction to two for acquittal.

Mrs. S. Lowenstein, of Brooklyn, died in giving birth to four babies, two of whom survived.

Troops were summoned to Franklin (Minn.) mines to repress strikers.

Three men and a dozen race horses were killed in a railway accident near Hornellsville, N. Y.

At Lexington, Ky., Albert S. Hall, a groceryman, and Volney Hinton Baird, a clerk in Hall's place, engaged in a shooting encounter in the home of Hall, because of Baird's attention to Mrs. Hall. Baird was killed.

A cloudburst at Massillon, Ohio, washed out a number of bridges. People on Summit and Erie streets were removed in boats. Immense damage was done.

A lodging house in Chicago was wrecked by natural gas and a number of persons were killed and injured.

The United States Mutual Accident Association of New York was declared insolvent, with liabilities of $300,000 and assets of $50,000.

Twelve-year-old Agnes Buchanan and seven-year-old Joseph Bastino were killed by the trolley cars in Newark, N. J.

Foreign Notes.

The Spanish commander who fired on the Allianca was publicly censured.

The Emperor of Austria has finally accepted the resignation of Count Kalnoky, Imperial Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Baron von Goltz has been succeeded as Admiral Commanding-in-Chief of the German Navy by Admiral Knorr.

A decree was issued by the Mikado announcing that, in deference to the wishes of Russia, France and Germany, Japan would not insist on retention of the Liau-Tong Peninsula. The Japanese Nation is greatly excited over the Mikado's submission.

Queen Wilhelminia and Queen Regent Emma returned to The Hague, Holland, from England.

Ex-Queen Natalie, of Servia, entered Belgrade in triumph after her four years' banishment. King Alexander and his Ministers and high officials welcomed her at the station. The crowds received her enthusiastically.

The Anti-Socialist bill was unanimously rejected in the German Reichstag.

Emperor Francis Joseph refused to accept the resignation of Count Kalnoky, Premier of Austria-Hungary.

FATAL BOILER EXPLOSION.

Five Men Killed and Three Fatally Injured at West Bingham, Penn.

By the blowing up of an eighty-horse-power boiler at West Bingham, Potter County, Penn., five men were killed and three fatally injured. The killed are: Claude English, James Mowers, Eugene Merrick, Lyman Perry and Charles Grover. The fatally injured are: O. Johnston, William Gridley and Caleb Converse, all residents of Mills, Penn.

At the time of the accident the men were sitting near the boiler waiting for a belt to be repaired. The boiler was condemned by an inspector only a few days before, as the steam gauge failed to record accurately within fifty pounds the amount of the pressure. All but one of the killed and injured were married men with families.

Decadence of Bull Fighting.

Everything points to an early decadence of bull fighting, which has been declining in the past nine months in the City of Mexico and throughout the Republic. The last fight in the Buccareli ring was particularly bad. This is probably the last fight which will be given for the present, and it is not yet decided whether the ring will be reopened with the coming of the new season.

Killed Her Confessor.

The Abbe de Broglie, brother of Duke Albert de Broglie, was shot and killed at Paris, France, by a woman named Amelot, a religious maniac.

She was laboring under the delusion that the Abbe was guilty of abusing the secrecy of the confessional.

The Abbe de Broglie was sixty-one years old, enormously wealthy and very charitable.

An Enlarged Midway at Atlanta.

The Atlanta Exposition means to reproduce the Midway Plaisance of the Chicago World's Fair on an enlarged scale.

New Civil Service Commissioners.

The President appointed as Civil Service Commissioners Colonel William G. Rice, of Albany, N. Y., to succeed Theodore Roosevelt, and ex-Postmaster John B. Harlow, of St. Louis, Mo., to succeed Charles H. Lyman. Colonel Rice is a Democrat and Mr. Harlow a Republican. This will leave the Commission composed of two Democrats and one Republican. Mr. Proctor, of Kentucky, is the holdover Democrat.

Mother and Child Perished.

By the burning of the residence of Thadeus Brown, a farmer residing half a mile from Bryan, Ohio, his wife perished in the flames and his five-year-old son was fatally burned.

Pried Out Her Tooth and Died of Lockjaw.

Mrs. Mary Ann Arenz, wife of a Baltimore (Md.) frescoer, suffered with toothache, and she took a pair of scissors and removed the tooth. In doing so she injured the jaw. Lockjaw symptoms developed, and the woman died.

International Temperance Women.

The third biennial convention of the World's Woman's Christian Temperance Union will be held in connection with the annual meeting of the British Woman's Temperance Association, in Queen's Hall and Exeter Hall, London, June 14th to 21st, 1895.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

20

MILK AND CREAM.

The market during the past week could hardly be termed active, although by no means dull. Sales at times were a little slow, owing to increased supplies. The average price received for the platform surplus was $1.20 per can of 40 quarts.

Receipts of the week, fluid milk, gals			1,537,999
Condensed milk, gals			14,056
Cream, gals			61,919

BUTTER.

Penn.—Fresh, extras	$	— @	17
Firsts		15 @	16
Thirds to seconds		11 @	14
State—Fancy		— @	16½
Seconds to firsts		13 @	16
Western Im. Creamery		8½@	13
Western Dairy		7½@	12
Factory, fresh		7 @	10

CHEESE.

State—Fullcream, white, fancy		6¾@	6¾
Full cream, good to prime		5½@	6
State Factory—Part skims, common to prime		1¾@	3
Part skims, choice		3½@	4
Full skims		— @	1

EGGS.

State & Penn—Fresh		14½@	14¾
Jersey—Fancy		— @	15
Western—Prime to choice		— @	14
Duck eggs		— @	—
Goose eggs		— @	—

BEANS AND PEAS.

Beans—Marrow, 1894, choice		— @	2 45
Medium, 1894, choice		1 90 @	1 95
Pea, 1894, choice		1 95 @	2 00
Red kidney, 1894, choice		1 85 @	1 95
White kidney, 1894, choice		2 30 @	2 35
Black turtle soup, 1894		1 60 @	1 65
Lima, Cal., 1894, ₱ 60 lbs		2 95 @	3 00
Green peas, bbls		— @	1 05

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.

Cranberries, Cape Cod, ₱ bbl		— @	—
Jersey, ₱ crate		2 00 @	3 00
Apples, greenings, ₱ bbl		— @	—
Baldwin		3 00 @	3 50
Golden Russet		2 00 @	3 00
Grapes, Del., ₱ basket		— @	—
Catawba		— @	—
Strawberries, Norfolk, ₱ qt		10 @	14
Other sections		8 @	18

HOPS.

State—1894, choice, ₱ lb		— @	9
1894, common to fair		4 @	6
Pacific Coast, choice		— @	9
Good to prime		7 @	8
Old odds		2 @	3

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay—Prime, ₱ 100 lb		— @	80
Clover mixed		60 @	65
Straw—Long rye		50 @	60
Oat		40 @	45

LIVE POULTRY.

Fowls, ₱ lb		10 @	10½
Spring chickens, ₱ pair		70 @	1 12
Roosters, old, ₱ lb		— @	6
Turkeys, ₱ lb		8 @	9
Ducks, ₱ pair		50 @	90
Geese, ₱ pair		60 @	1 12
Pigeons, ₱ pair		25 @	45

DRESSED POULTRY.

Turkeys, ₱ lb		10 @	12
Chickens, Phila. broilers, ₱ lb		35 @	42
Capons, Phila		— @	—
Western		— @	—
Fowls, ₱ lb		9 @	9½
Ducks ₱ lb		10 @	13
Geese, ₱ lb		5 @	8
Squabs, ₱ doz		1 50 @	3 00

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, State, ₱ bbl		— @	—
Florida, ₱ bbl		3 50 @	5 50
Sweet, ₱ bbl		1 75 @	3 00
Cabbage, Fla., ₱ bbl		1 50 @	2 50
Onions—Yellow, ₱ bbl		— @	—
Bermuda, ₱ crate		75 @	90
Squash, marrow, ₱ bbl		— @	—
Yellow, ₱ crate		75 @	1 00
Asparagus, ₱ doz. bunches		75 @	1 25
Cucumbers, Fla., ₱ crate		75 @	1 75
Celery, Southern, ₱ doz		50 @	85
Beets, ₱ 100 bunches		2 00 @	4 00
Peas, N. C., ₱ basket		1 00 @	2 00
Radishes, ₱ 100 bunches		50 @	75
Spinach		— @	75
Tomatoes, ₱ carrier		2 00 @	4 50
Rhubarb		1 00 @	1 50

GRAIN, ETC.

Flour—City Patents		— @	4 40
Spring Patents		3 75 @	4 15
Wheat, No. 2 Red		— @	72
May		— @	—
Corn—No. 2		56¾@	56¾
Oats—No. 2 White		— @	36
Track, White		36 @	41
Malt—Western		— @	—
Barley—Ungraded Western		— @	—
Seeds—Timothy, ₱ 100		5 90 @	6 50
Clover		8 75 @	9 50
Lard—City steam		6¾@	6¾

LIVE STOCK.

Beeves, city dressed		7½@	9½
Milch cows, com. to good		— @	—
Calves, city dressed		5 @	8
Country dressed		4½@	7
Sheep, ₱ 100 lbs		4 37 @	4 65
Lambs, ₱ 100 lbs		4 00 @	6 00
Hogs—Live, ₱ 100 lbs		5 00 @	5 20
Dressed		5 @	7½

SHERIFF AND PRISONERS KILLED.

The Administration of the Law in the Indian Territory.

James Taylor, David Echols, and Edward Bohannon were killed as the result of an attempt by Bohannon to arrest Taylor and Echols near Durant, Indian Territory. Bohannon was reading the warrant to Taylor when the latter suddenly drew his pistol and began firing. Echols, who was in a house near by, ran out to join in the fracas, but was struck by a bullet and killed. Bohannon returned Taylor's fire, retreating as he did so, but Taylor followed him until he emptied the contents of a six-shooter, the last shot striking Bohannon in the head and killing him. Taylor defied any one to take him and walked 200 yards, when he fell dead. Bohannon is the third one of his family to meet with a violent death during a year.

Newsy Gleanings.

Vermont has 200 creameries.

California has 72,472 Chinese.

Turkey has $135 miles of railway.

France has a deficit of $11,000,000.

The Ohio pottery trust is smashed.

The rush for gold bonds continues.

Italy has twenty-three crematories.

London has seventy-five daily papers.

An oil trust has been formed in Russia.

Wall street shows remarkable activity.

The Salvation Army proposes to invade China.

Cuban Insurgent Leader Maceo has more recruits than arms.

Japan will keep troops in China until the full indemnity is paid.

Brooklyn letter carriers have been ordered to salute the Postmaster.

Fish have mysteriously disappeared from the waters of Lake Michigan.

Arrangements have been made to carry the mails on street cars in Boston.

Governor Hastings, of Pennsylvania, has approved the "Greater Pittsburg" bill.

All indications point to a large tourist travel to Yellowstone Park this summer.

There is still outstanding $6,895,417.42 of the fractional currency of 1862, 1863 and 1864.

Spanish officers no longer conceal their alarm at the spread of the Cuban insurrection.

The Gloucester (Mass.) seiners report that Southern mackerel has been almost a total failure.

Three million dollars of Northern capital has been invested in Alabama and Tennessee this year.

A big scheme for swindling accident insurance companies has been unearthed at Philadelphia.

Horse cars have ceased to run in Hartford, Conn. All of the city lines are now equipped with the trolley system.

Reports from cotton planting show a reduced acreage in Texas, Mississippi, Louisiana and Tennessee.

It is said in Washington that England will not assist this Government in protecting the seal herd the present season.

During this summer France will celebrate the hundredth anniversary of the first annexation of Nice to the French Republic.

Louisiana, by the Supreme Court, has decided "glove contests," as practiced by the Olympic Club of New Orleans, illegal.

The Japanese Government announced that the peace treaty was ratified at Che-Foo in the exact form agreed on at Simonoseki.

Rudolph Schnaubelt, the anarchist who threw the bomb at the Haymarket, Chicago, nine years ago, is said to be in California.

Five State Senators were appointed at Harrisburg by the Pennsylvania Legislature to examine the municipal affairs of Philadelphia.

Nicaragua has made a State of the Mosquito Reservation, which has given her so much trouble. Zelaya is the Mosquito's new name.

The Morgan-Rothschild bond syndicate is said to be purchasing gold at the rate of two and a half millions a month, paying a premium for same. This is nearly the entire output of gold of this country.

ARMENIAN ATROCITIES.

Evidences of the Terrible Butcheries Discovered by the Commission.

PITS FILLED WITH MASSACRED.

Ruined Villages Left in the Path of the Ruthless Turks—Bodies Thrown Into Trenches and Partly Burned—The Powers Submit Notes to the Porte Calling for Reform.

The commission which has been investigating the atrocities in Armenia traversed the devastated villages and arrived at Jellygoozan (also written Ghellyguzan), where 120 houses were found to have been burned. The people were sheltered in miserable huts, and ample proof

TYPICAL TURKISH DRAGOMAN.

(He Serves as Interpreter Between Turkish Officials and Foreign Ambassadors.)

was found of the truth of the stories heretofore told by correspondents of English newspapers regarding the massacre of Armenians and the throwing of their bodies in large numbers into a pit, where the Turks endeavored to conceal their crime by pouring barrels of petroleum upon the bodies and setting fire to the oil. The flames, however failed to consume the mass, and a stream was dammed and diverted from its course in order to wash away the half-burned bodies. Even this failed to obliterate the terrible evidence against the Turks, and the local authorities were compelled to remove the bodies. The villagers had removed the bulk of the bodies and interred them in consecrated ground before the arrival of the commission.

The delegates of the Powers left Mush on April 5. The Turkish delegates at first declined to accompany them, and then changed their minds. They went to the ruined villages, and traversed Shenik and Gernal, which were found in ruins standing in the midst of devastated fields. They passed other villages where many houses were burned, and at Jellygoozan the commission had two pits, instead of one as originally reported, opened, and found in them the remains of skulls and bones with hair and clothing still adhering to them. Later, another pit was searched. It was situated in a ravine near Jellygoozen, and inside it was found a decapitated trunk and other remains. But few bodies, however, were found. The villagers told the delegates that they had removed the bodies from this pit. It was evident that all three pits had contained bodies. The exhalations from the pits were so frightful that the delegates had great trouble in prevailing upon laborers to finish their horrible task.

As a result of the investigation and the reports of the delegates, the Powers have submitted notes to the Turkish Government impressing upon the Porte the necessity of promptly inaugurating a scheme for Armenian reforms which should include the appointment of Christian officials in Armenia, the Powers to have the right to veto the appointments of the governors. The notes of the delegates do not base their suggestions on the Sassun outrages, but on the general unsatisfactory condition of Armenia.

A MILE OF VETERANS.

Grand Parade of the New York State G. A. R. at Saratoga.

The parade of the State Grand Army veterans at Saratoga, N. Y., proved a great success. There was an immense gathering

GENERAL THOMAS G. LAWLER,
Commander-in-Chief of the G. A. R.

the largest seen in Saratoga since the September floral fete. The procession—a mile in length—was reviewed by Commander-in-Chief Thomas G. Lawler and Department Commander Shotts.

Following the parade the veterans and their friends assembled in Convention Hall, which was filled to overflowing. On the stage there were 350 school children, who rendered patriotic songs. The address of welcome was made by Village President Charles H. Sturges, which was responded to by Department Commander Shotts. Addresses were also made by General Palmer and Commander-in-Chief Lawler.

OFFICIAL CROP REPORT.

Exhibits Made by the May Returns to the Department of Agriculture.

The May returns of the Department of Agriculture show an increase in wheat of 1.5 points from the April average, being 82.9, against 81.4 last month and 81.4 in May, 1894. The averages of the principal winter wheat States are: Ohio 85; Michigan, 78; Indiana, 87; Illinois, 90; Missouri, 90; Kansas, 46; California, 97. The average of these seven States is 82.3, against 81.5 in April, being an increase of a little less than one point. In the Southern States the averages range from 53 in Texas to 93 in Alabama. Winter rye, like wheat, has advanced nearly two points since last month, its average for May being 88.7, against 87 for the same date in April.

The prospects for rye throughout the rye belt are fair, except in the State of New York, where it is too dry, while in the States of Minnesota and Kansas the crop was considerably damaged by the severe winter and has not recovered.

The average condition of winter barley is 94, against 62.3 in the month of May, 1894, and 88.6 in 1893. The lowest conditions are in Texas, Indiana and Iowa, and the highest in New York, California and Oregon.

The condition of spring pasture is 89.7; of mowing lands, 89.4.

The proportion of spring plowing done May 1 is reported as 82.3 per cent., against 83.5 last year and 73.4 in 1893.

A Clergyman's Suicide.

During a fit of mental despondency, caused by his sweetheart's refusing to accompany him to church, the Rev. Ott Tazwell killed himself at Velpin, Ind., where he had preached for some time.

Higher Wages for 15,000 Men.

The Carnegie Steel Company, employing 15,000 men, posted a notice at Pittsburg, Penn., advancing wages ten per cent.

The Business Revival.

Reports from Pittsburg show a great revival in business in Pennsylvania and adjoining States.

Sleep by Suggestion.

A professional hypnotizer sent Miss Kate Field his cure for insomnia, which she gives to the public:

"Procure some bright object upon which to gaze intently. This must be suspended a few inches from the eyes. I do not know what to suggest for the darkness which exists in a Pullman sleeper after the curtains are drawn, but imagine that your ingenuity would be equal to the occasion. Having selected this object—like a glass ball, a small looking glass or one of those large glass rings sometimes affected by comedians—you must so secure it in suspension as not to cause you any worry as to what becomes of it when you drop off in slumber.

"Gazing steadily at the bright object you must at the same time allow your thought to picture to you some action—say, since you are a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, an episode of army life. Commence with the opening of the day, when the soldier arises from his sleep! See his drowsy eyes, his content after a night of restful sleep! Follow his labor during the day and watch him growing more tired and tired as night approaches, and see him finally throw himself upon the ground, his eyes heavy, his body tired, his conscience clear, and wearied nature finally asserting her sway as he is lulled to sleep, sleep, sleep!

"Again, imagine a caravan crossing a desert or plain. See the weary men, longing for sleep, seek their resting place for the night and gradually drooping off into sound sleep! sleep! sleep!

"And now you are in sleep! sleep! sleep! and you will so continue until the porter, announcing your arrival at your destination, awakens you from sleep! sleep! sleep!"—Atlanta Constitution.

The Lapwings' Drill.

Don Felix de Azara, a Spanish general and naturalist, describing a small finch, which he aptly named Oscilador, says that early and late in the day it mounts vertically to a moderate height; then flies off to a distance of twenty yards, describing a perfect curve in its passage. Turning, it flies back over the imaginary line it has traced, and so on repeatedly, reappearing like a pendulum swung rapidly in space by an invisible thread.

The display of the lapwings, called by the natives of La Plata its "square" or "serious dance," requires three performers. The birds indulge in it all the year round, and at frequent intervals during the day, and also on moonlight nights. One bird leaves his mate and approaches two others, who welcome him with notes and signs of pleasure. Advancing to the visitor, they place themselves behind him, and all three, keeping step, begin a rapid march, uttering resonant drumming notes in time with their movements, the notes of the pair behind being emitted in a stream like a drum roll, while the leader utters loud single notes at regular intervals. The march ceases, the leader elevates his wings and stands erect and motionless, still uttering loud notes, while the other two, with puffed out plumage and standing exactly abreast, stoop forward and downwards until the tips of their beaks touch the earth, and sinking their voices to a murmur, remain for some time in this posture. The performance is then over, and the visitor returns to his own ground and mate, to receive a visitor himself there later on during the dance.—New York Advertiser.

All Circus Rings Alike.

A circus is a circular arena of fourteen yards nine inches in diameter, surrounded by benches, says the Inter-Ocean. Fourteen yards nine inches is the regulation size. The unvarying dimensions of the arena respond to a double necessity—the exigency of the man and the exigency of the animal. The performer is instinctively nomad, both through disposition and interest. It is therefore most important that, although he continually changes his locality, he should find the scene of his performance unvaried.

This rule is extremely convenient for men, but it is indispensable for animals. A performing horse must find in whatever spot he appears before the public a ring of fourteen yards nine inches, sanded to a depth of three inches and a quarter, sur